

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited

**Audited Financial Statements for the year
January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017**

Abbey Capital Limited is an Alternative Investment Fund Manager, regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Abbey Capital Limited is the Commodity Pool Operator of Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited and operates it as an exempt pool pursuant to subsection 4.7 of the Regulations issued pursuant to the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended. Abbey Capital Limited is a member of the National Futures Association (“NFA”), and is registered as an Investment Advisor with the Securities Exchange Commission (“SEC”). None of the regulators listed above endorse, indemnify, or guarantee the member’s business practices, selling methods, the class or type of securities offered, or any specific security.

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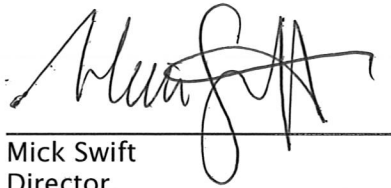
A copy of the audited Financial Statements of the ACL Alternative Fund is included with these audited Financial Statements. The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited, a segregated accounts company incorporated as an open-ended investment company with limited liability under the Segregated Account Companies Act 2000 of Bermuda, as amended.

Affirmation Statement

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited
Victoria Place
31 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 10
Bermuda

Affirmation Required by the Commodity Exchange Act, Regulation §4.7(b)(3)(i)

I, Mick Swift, Director of Abbey Capital Limited (Commodity Pool Operator of Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited) hereby affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this annual report is accurate and complete.



Mick Swift
Director,
Abbey Capital Limited
Commodity Pool Operator of Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited
March 06, 2018

Directory

Registered Office: Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

Directors

Peter Carney
(Non-Executive Director)
Nicholas Hoskins
(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Roderick Forrest
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Listing Sponsor

Harbour Financial Services Limited
Victoria Place
31 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 10
Bermuda

Corporate Secretary & Bermuda Registrar

M.Q. Services Limited
Victoria Place
31 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 10
Bermuda

Legal Adviser

Conyers Dill & Pearman
Clarendon House
2 Church Street
Hamilton
Bermuda

Depository

BNP Paribas Securities Services, Dublin Branch
Trinity Point
10-11 Leinster Street South
Dublin 2
Ireland

Investment Manager

Abbey Capital Limited
1-2 Cavendish Row
Dublin 1
Ireland

Auditor

KPMG
1 Harbourmaster Place
IFSC
Dublin 1
Ireland

Administrator, Registrar & Transfer Agent

BNP Paribas Bank & Trust Cayman Limited
Buckingham Square
3rd Floor
720 West Bay Road
Grand Cayman, KY1-1104
Cayman Islands

Investment Manager's Report

Legal Structure

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited (the "Fund") was incorporated in Bermuda on November 29, 2012 as an open-ended investment fund with variable capital and limited liability.

The Fund has created one Share Class, namely the USD Share Class, which is divided into a number of sub-classes, of which four are currently in issue (see table below for details). The Fund offers investors daily dealing and the NAV for the USD A Share Class is listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange. The Directors have the power to issue further Share Classes in different currencies in the future.

Share Class in Issue	Launch Date	NAV per share as of December 31, 2017
USD A Share Class	March 3, 2014	\$124.56
USD B Share Class	January 2, 2013	\$117.80
USD D Share Class	February 25, 2016	\$87.05
USD E Share Class	January 15, 2014	\$119.09

The Fund is a feeder fund to the ACL Alternative Fund (the "ACL Alternative Fund") as it invests substantially all of its assets in the ACL Alternative Fund. The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited is a segregated accounts company incorporated as an open-ended investment company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda.

Investment Objective and Strategy

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital appreciation for its shareholders within a rigorous risk management framework. The Fund aims to deliver its investment objective by investing in a range of trading strategies through a direct investment in the ACL Alternative Fund (the memorandum for this fund is available on request). The Investment Manager of the Fund is also the Investment Manager of ACL Alternative Fund and is responsible for choosing the Trading Advisors for that fund.

Fund Performance to date

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited USD A Share Class ("ACDFF USD A") returned +1.93% in 2017. ACDFF USD A invests solely into the ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A⁽¹⁾. The ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A returned +2.57% in 2017. Since inception in December 2000 the ACL Alternative Fund (USD Share Class A) has returned cumulatively +259.46%, providing an annualized return for the USD Share Class A of +7.77%⁽²⁾.

⁽¹⁾ Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited (USD B Share Class) ("ACDFF") commenced trading in January 2013 and ACDFF USD A Share Class was launched in March 2014. Returns from January 2013 to February 2014 are pro forma (based on actual ACDFF USD B Share Class returns, adjusted for ACDFF USD Share Class A fees) and actual returns are shown thereafter. Return figures shown are net of fees and include interest. Please note that due to different fee structures within the ACDFF shares classes, different share classes will have different returns. Some ACDFF share classes may have generated a lower return than the ACDFF USD A Share Class. Past results are not indicative of future results.

⁽²⁾ The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. The ACL Alternative program (USD Share Class A) commenced in December 2000 and was incorporated as a Fund in January 2002. Return figures shown are net of fees and include interest (pro forma interest is included from December 2000 – April 2001, actual interest thereafter). Past results are not indicative of future results.

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Fund Performance to date (continued)

At the trading style level, Long-term Trendfollowing ("Trendfollowing") contributed positively to performance. The strongest trends were in equities, and Trendfollowing managers maintained long positions through the year generating strong profits from equity trading. While gains in equities were offset by losses in currencies, bonds, and energy in the first half, later in the year Trendfollowing managers capitalised on the moves in base metals and energy. Unsurprisingly, Trendfollowing managers who particularly profited from the rally in equities tended to outperform other managers.

The ACL Alternative Fund's diversifying strategies had a more difficult year, as all non-trendfollowing trading styles finished negative in 2017. Short-term Systematic ("Short-term") was the largest detractor from performance. These managers focus on trading from intra-day out to 10 days and the low volatility environment was a particular headwind as compressed daily ranges and a lack of follow-through in markets, particularly in bonds, was a challenge. Volatility for the S&P 500 in 2017 was at its lowest level for a number of decades with an average daily range of 59 basis points in the futures, about 41% of the longer-term level. However, low volatility was not confined to equities: volatility on the US Treasury note future also touched multi-decade lows.

Speculation around the economic policies of the new US administration was a key driver of markets early in the year. Expectations of fiscal stimulus had driven strong trends in markets after the US presidential election in late 2016, but investors became more cautious on President Trump's ability to enact significant measures during the first quarter. After touching a multi-year high in early January, the USD declined, as investors unwound expectations that the Federal Reserve ("Fed") may have to accelerate the pace of monetary tightening. The shift in rate expectations saw bond yields peak and reverse in March. At the same time, equities continued to advance, buoyed by positive corporate earnings, and generally favourable macroeconomic data. Losses from the reversals in currencies and bonds were somewhat offset by gains in equities producing a mixed quarter for the ACL Alternative Fund.

Market reversals and low volatility became more of a headwind for the ACL Alternative Fund in Q2 as key events, such as the French presidential election, produced outcomes favourable for global equities but contributed to the general environment of range trading and low volatility. Although there was a notable pick-up in geopolitical risk as the US launched a missile attack on Syria and as North Korea repeatedly conducted tests of ballistic missiles, the market impact of these events was relatively short-lived. Macroeconomic developments also contributed to a favourable backdrop for risk assets and low volatility. While US economic data was strong enough to encourage the Fed to continue on its path of raising rates, inflation remained muted and this goldilocks scenario allowed the monetary tightening to be gradual. Growth outside the US started to pick up, and the major impact of this was felt on the USD, which weakened further as US yield differentials over other economies reduced somewhat.

The USD reversal was a key driver of the difficult performance in Q2 but this was compounded by reversals and range-trading in other markets. Fixed income markets remained choppy as eurozone bonds corrected on upbeat comments from European Central Bank ("ECB") President Mario Draghi, who highlighted that the eurozone economic recovery was strengthening. Metals were choppy in a broad range and although energy prices declined, crude oil oscillated sharply, torn between rising US output and signs of stronger demand. Soft commodities and grains were difficult in June as the US Department of Agriculture ("USDA") report released at the end of June triggered reversals in soybeans, corn and wheat, producing losses for Trendfollowing managers in particular. The ACL Alternative Fund was down -8.96%⁽²⁾ as of the end of June.

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Fund Performance to date (continued)

Performance picked up strongly in the second half of the year as the ACL Alternative Fund delivered a return of +12.66%⁽²⁾ between July and December. Global economic conditions continued to show further improvement. Eurozone economic growth accelerated, prompting the ECB to signal a tapering of asset purchases in 2018. A surprise rate increase from the Bank of Canada and hawkish comments from the Bank of England also contributed to a general sense that growth was picking up strongly, which underpinned the global equity rally. This trend provided a strong opportunity for Trendfollowing managers and was augmented by trends in other markets. In July and August base metals and bonds rallied, and later in the year the trends rotated to energy markets with crude oil experiencing a sustained uptrend. At the same time, the performance of non-Trendfollowing managers improved. While the low volatility environment persisted, and continued to be difficult for Short-term managers, Value, Global Macro and FX managers contributed positively over the period with spread trading by Value managers, in particular, contributing to overall positive performance.

At the manager level, while the overall level of dispersion across managers was below the longer-term average, we saw divergent performance between managers within each of the trading styles. While the strongest performing managers were in Trendfollowing, there was also strong performance from individual managers in Global Macro and Value.

In terms of strategy and manager allocations, the ACL Alternative Fund maintained its risk allocation to Trendfollowing strategies at 50-60% through the year with the balance allocated to uncorrelated non-Trendfollowing strategies. During the year two Short-term managers were removed and one Global Macro and one Trendfollowing manager were added. The ACL Alternative Fund allocates to 22 managers as of 31st December 2017.

Since inception in January 2013, the ACDF USD A has delivered total cumulative returns of +17.02%, versus +108.14% for the S&P 500 Total Return Index, +16.01% for the SG CTA Index and +6.26% for the Barclay BTOP 50 Index over the same time frame⁽³⁾.

Abbey Capital Limited – Investment Manager

As we have in every year over the last seventeen years, we continued to invest in our infrastructure and team, adding to our headcount in Research and Markets and we expanded our head office premises in Dublin. In developing our business and product offering our objective is to deliver strong investment returns⁽⁴⁾ over the long term and provide real value and excellent client service to investors.

The first half of 2017 was a frustrating period for investors in managed futures as performance was challenging while returns in equities were strong. At such times it was natural to question the benefit of having a diversifying strategy like managed futures in a portfolio. However, the notable pick-up in performance in the second half of 2017 highlights how quickly the market environment can change and how this can translate into positive performance. We would like to thank all of our investors for your ongoing support and commitment to the asset class during the drawdown.

⁽³⁾ ACDF commenced trading in January 2013 and ACDF USD A Share Class was launched in March 2014. ACDF USD A Share Class invests solely in ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A. The above data is shown for illustrative purposes. ACDF is not benchmarked against any of the indices referenced. Please note that due to different fee structures within the ACDF shares classes, different share classes will have different returns. Some ACDF share classes may have generated a lower return than the ACDF USD A Share Class. Past results are not indicative of future results.

⁽⁴⁾ Investing in managed futures is not suitable for all investors given its speculative nature and the high level of risk involved. For further information about the potential risks associated with an investment in the fund please refer to the "Risk Factors" set out in the private placement memorandum of the fund.

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited

For the year ended
December 31, 2017

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Abbey Capital Limited – Investment Manager

From our perspective, we continue to maintain a conviction in the merit of managed futures investing and this is reflected in our own investment portfolios. We are committed to being a specialist in multi-manager managed futures investing and believe the case for managed futures within a diversified portfolio remains strong. Looking ahead to 2018 we remain optimistic on the outlook for managed futures and the Fund.

Abbey Capital Limited

January 2018



**KPMG
Audit**
1 Harbourmaster Place
IFSC
Dublin 1
D01 F6F5
Ireland

Independent Auditors Report to the Shareholders of Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited

1 Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited (“the Fund”) for the year ended 31 December 2017 set out on pages 11 to 22, which comprise the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, the Statement of Operations and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year then ended and related notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2017 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“US GAAP”).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In arriving at our audit opinion above, we determine that there was one key audit matter as follows:

Valuation of Investment in ACL Alternative Fund Limited, a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited \$74,916,681

Refer to page 15 (accounting policy) and page 120 to 21 (financial disclosures)

The key audit matter

The Fund has an Investment in ACL Alternative Fund Limited, a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited, which as at 31 December 2017 made up 93.88% of the total assets (by value) of the Fund. We do not consider the investment in ACL Alternative Fund to be at high risk of significant material misstatement, or to be subject to a significant level of judgment, because the assets of ACL Alternative Fund comprise liquid, quoted investments, and exchange traded derivatives and foreign exchange contracts, the valuation of which is not considered to be complex.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- documenting the processes in place to record investment transactions and to value the portfolio and assessing the design and implementation of controls relevant to the valuation of investments.
- Obtained the financial statements for ACL Alternative Fund Limited and assessed whether the net asset value in the financial statements was an appropriate approximation of fair value.



Independent Auditors Report to the Shareholders of Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited (continued)

However due to the materiality in the context of the financial statements as a whole the Investment in ACL Alternative Fund Limited is considered of most significance in the audit of the financial statements.

- agreeing the valuation of 100% of the investment in ACL Alternative Fund Limited to independently received third party transfer agent confirmations.

No material misstatements were noted as part of our testing.

Other information

Management is responsible for preparation of other information accompanying the financial statements. The other information comprises the Investment Manager's report and the Remuneration Policy information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion on that information.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether that information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of our audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

2 Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

Responsibilities of the Directors and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and U.S. GAAP, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Further details relating to our work as auditor is set out in the Scope of Responsibilities Statement contained in the appendix of this report, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.



Independent Auditors Report to the Shareholders of Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited (continued)

Our report is made solely to the Fund's Shareholders as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. We do not accept or assume responsibilities to anyone other than the Shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Brian Clavin.

KPMG

KPMG
Chartered Accountants, Statutory Audit Firm
1 Harbourmaster Place
IFSC
Dublin 1
Ireland

6 March 2018



Independent Auditors Report to the Shareholders of Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited (continued)

Appendix to the Independent Auditors' Report

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited

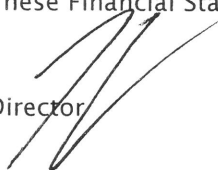
For the year ended
December 31, 2017

Statement of Assets & Liabilities

	December 31, 2017 US\$
Assets	
Investment in ACL Alternative Fund (Note 3)	74,916,681
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 11)	384,361
Equalization credits & depreciation deposits receivable	2,484,575
Prepaid expenses	15,353
Prepaid subscriptions to ACL Alternative Fund	1,997,200
Total assets	<u>79,798,170</u>
Liabilities	
Sundry payables and accrued expenses (Note 7)	47,833
Redemptions payable	384,227
Subscriptions received in advance	2,000,000
Total liabilities	<u>2,432,060</u>
Net assets	<u>77,366,110</u>
Paid-in capital (Note 6)	82,945,477
Distributable earnings	(5,579,367)
Net assets	<u>77,366,110</u>
Shares in issue – USD Share Class A	278,506
Shares in issue – USD Share Class B	1,000
Shares in issue – USD Share Class D	119,777
Shares in issue – USD Share Class E	269,805
Net Asset Value per share – USD Share Class A	\$124.56
Net Asset Value per share – USD Share Class B	\$117.80
Net Asset Value per share – USD Share Class D	\$87.05
Net Asset Value per share – USD Share Class E	\$119.09

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:

Director



Director



Date: March 06, 2018

The accompanying notes and attached audited Financial Statements of ACL Alternative Fund are an integral part of these Financial Statements.


Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited

For the year ended
December 31, 2017

Statement of Operations

	For the year January 1 to December 31, 2017 US\$
Investment Income	
Interest Income	1,405
Fund expenses	
Audit & Tax Fees	(46,000)
Administration Fees	(12,000)
Registrar and Transfer Agent Fees	(10,000)
Legal Fees	(40,273)
Other Fees	(19,194)
Total expenses	<u>(127,467)</u>
Net investment loss	<u>(126,062)</u>
Net realized loss on Investments in ACL Alternative Fund (Note 9)	(2,663,480)
Net change in unrealized gain on Investments in ACL Alternative Fund (Note 9)	3,821,638
Net gain from investments in ACL Alternative Fund	<u>1,158,158</u>
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	<u>1,032,096</u>

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:

Director 
Date: March 06, 2018

Director 

The accompanying notes and attached audited Financial Statements of ACL Alternative Fund are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited

For the year ended
December 31, 2017

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	December 31, 2017 US\$
Operations	
Net investment loss for the year	(126,062)
Net realized loss from	
Investments in ACL Alternative Fund (Note 9)	(2,663,480)
Net change in unrealized gain on	
Investments in ACL Alternative Fund (Note 9)	3,821,638
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	<u>1,032,096</u>
Capital share transactions	
Issuance of shares (Note 6)	21,247,543
Redemption of shares (Note 6)	(22,544,681)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from capital share transactions	<u>(1,297,138)</u>
Net decrease in net assets	(265,042)
Net assets:	
Beginning of the year	77,631,152
End of year	<u>77,366,110</u>

The accompanying notes and attached audited Financial Statements of ACL Alternative Fund are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited

For the year ended
December 31, 2017

Financial Highlights

The following table includes selected data for the four Sub-classes outstanding throughout the year and other performance information derived from the Financial Statements. The per share amounts which are shown reflect the income and expenses of the Fund.

	USD Share Class A	USD Share Class B	USD Share Class D	USD Share Class E
Net investment loss*	(0.29)	(0.31)	(0.16)	(0.13)
Net realized & unrealized gain on investments	2.65	2.82	1.48	1.22
Net increase in net asset value per share	2.36	2.51	1.32	1.09
Net asset value per share:				
Beginning of the year	\$122.20	\$115.29	\$85.73	\$118.00
End of year	\$124.56	\$117.80	\$87.05	\$119.09
Total investment return	1.93%	2.18%	1.54%	0.92%
Ratio of expenses to average net assets*	(0.16%)	(0.16%)	(0.16%)	(0.16%)
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets*	(0.16%)	(0.16%)	(0.16%)	(0.16%)
Net assets at end of year	34,690,154	117,801	10,426,851	32,131,304

* Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the year.

The accompanying notes and attached audited Financial Statements of ACL Alternative Fund are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. The Fund and its activities

Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited (the "Fund") was incorporated on November 29, 2012 under the laws of Bermuda as an open-ended investment fund with variable capital and limited liability. The Fund has created one Share Class, namely the USD Share Class, which is divided into a number of sub-classes. The sub-classes are the USD Share Class A, USD Share Class B, USD Share Class D and USD Share Class E; at the year end only these four sub-classes had launched. All sub-classes offer investors daily dealing. The Directors have the power to issue further Share Classes in different currencies in the future. The Fund is a feeder fund to the ACL Alternative Fund (the "ACL Alternative Fund") as it invests substantially all of its assets into the ACL Alternative Fund. The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited, a segregated accounts company incorporated as an open-ended investment company with limited liability under the laws of Bermuda. The NAV for the Fund's USD Share Class A is listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange. As at December 31, 2017 the Fund owns 3.19% of the ACL Alternative Fund.

The audited Financial Statements of the ACL Alternative Fund, including the Condensed Schedule of Investments, are attached to these audited Financial Statements and should be read in conjunction with the Fund's Financial Statements.

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital appreciation for its Shareholders within a rigorous risk management framework. The Fund aims to achieve this objective through its direct investment in the ACL Alternative Fund.

2. Significant accounting policies

These Financial Statements are presented using US Dollar (USD or US\$) as the functional currency and are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

The Fund is considered an Investment Company under US GAAP and follows the accounting and reporting guidance applicable to investment companies in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, Financial Services - Investment Companies ("ASC 946").

Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Actual amounts could differ from these estimates. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Investment income and expenses

Investment income and expenses are recognized in the Statement of Operations on an accruals basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**2. Significant accounting policies (continued)****Valuation of investments**

The Fund records its investment in the ACL Alternative Fund at fair value. The fair value of the Fund's investment in the ACL Alternative Fund is the Net Asset Value per share as reported by the Administrator of the ACL Alternative Fund to investors. The valuation of investments held by the ACL Alternative Fund is discussed in the notes to the ACL Alternative Fund audited Financial Statements which are attached to these Financial Statements.

Foreign currency

Other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into USD amounts at the date of valuation. Income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into USD amounts on the respective dates of such transactions.

Redemptions payable

In accordance with FASB ASC Subtopic 480-10, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity, a request for redemption of shares by an investor is considered a mandatory redeemable financial investment and shall be classified as a liability. Redemption amounts dealt in December 2017 totaling \$384,227 remained payable to investors at year end. The Fund has sufficient liquid assets available to ensure full payment of these redemption amounts.

3. Fair value measurements

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value have been classified for disclosure purposes, based on a hierarchy defined by FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement.

The hierarchy gives the highest ranking to fair values determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest ranking to fair values determined using methodologies and models with unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820 are described below:

- Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access;
- Level 2 - Valuations based on inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

As required by ASC 820, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. Fair value measurements (continued)

The below table shows information about the Fund’s assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of December 31, 2017. All values shown are stated in USD.

Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Balance as at December 31, 2017 Total
Investment in the ACL Alternative Fund	74,916,681	-	-	74,916,681
Total	74,916,681	-	-	74,916,681

There were no transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended December 31, 2017. In addition, there were no Level 3 Assets or Liabilities held by the Fund as at December 31, 2017 or at any time during the year then ended.

4. Fees and Expenses

The Fund’s USD Share Class A, USD Share Class B, USD Share Class D and USD Share Class E will incur expenses up to a maximum of 0.19% of the Fund’s average Net Asset Value per year. Any additional expenses in excess of 0.19% of the Fund’s average Net Asset Value will be paid by the Investment Manager. For the year ended December 31, 2017 expenses incurred represented 0.16% of the Fund’s average Net Asset Value.

Registrar and Transfer Agent, Administrator and Secretarial Services

During the year January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017, the Fund paid US\$1,000 per month to the Administrator for the calculation of the Net Asset Value. The Fund pays US\$833 per month to the Registrar and Transfer Agent. These fees accrue daily and are paid monthly in arrears.

The Fund pays the Corporate Secretary and Bermuda Registrar an annual fee of US\$7,500 for corporate administration services.

The Fund is responsible for out of pocket expenses incurred by the Administrator, the Registrar and Transfer Agent, the Corporate Secretary and Bermuda Registrar for the benefit of the Fund.

As a shareholder of ACL Alternative Fund, the Fund is required to pay its pro-rata share of the various fees and expenses of ACL Alternative Fund including brokerage commissions, administrative expenses, audit, legal etc.

Fund Distributors

Each of the Distributors may charge a Placement Fee of up to 3% on all sales of the Shares to a client of that Distributor. The Placement Fee shall be specified on the signature page to the Subscription Agreement or otherwise communicated by the Distributor to a subscriber prior to the subscriber committing to acquiring such Shares. Placement Fees will be paid in addition to the subscription amount and will be debited from the subscriber’s account with the relevant Distributor, by and for the benefit of such Distributor.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**4. Fees and Expenses (continued)****Investment Manager's Fee**

There are no investment management fees or incentive fees at the Fund level, but as a Shareholder of ACL Alternative Fund, the Fund will pay its pro-rata share of the management and incentive fees arising from the Fund's investment in the ACL Alternative Fund. Refer to the Financial Statements of the ACL Alternative Fund for further information on fees and expenses arising at the ACL Alternative Fund level. The Investment Manager will not receive any additional fees for acting as investment manager to the Fund or ACL Alternative Fund.

Depositary fees

In accordance with the obligations under the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive ("AIFMD"), the Investment Manager and the Directors of the Fund appointed a depositary, BNP Paribas Securities Services, Dublin Branch (the "Depositary"), to provide the depositary services of cash monitoring, safe-keeping and oversight. The Depositary is responsible for overseeing the calculation of the value of the Shares of the Fund and ensuring that the value of the Shares of the Fund is calculated in accordance with the Fund's Private Placement Memorandum, the Company's Bye Laws, and Article 19 of AIFMD and is responsible for reporting any breach to the Central Bank of Ireland. There are no Depositary fees at the Fund level, but as a Shareholder of ACL Alternative Fund, the Fund will pay its pro-rata share of the Depositary fees arising from the Fund's investment in the ACL Alternative Fund.

5. Taxation

At the present time, no income, profit or capital gains taxes are levied in Bermuda and, accordingly, no provision for such taxes has been recorded by the Fund. The Fund has applied for, and obtained from, the Minister of Finance of Bermuda under the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act 1966 an assurance that, in the event of there being enacted in Bermuda any legislation imposing tax computed on profits or income, or computed on any capital assets, gains or appreciation of any tax or nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, such tax shall not until March 31, 2035 be applicable to the Fund or to any persons not ordinarily resident in Bermuda and holding such Shares, debentures or other obligations of the Fund. As an exempted mutual fund company, the Fund is liable to pay in Bermuda an annual government registration fee, at a current rate of US\$1,995 per annum, based upon the Fund's authorized share capital.

6. Share Capital

The capital of the Fund is divided into 100 Founder Shares and such number of classes of Shares as the Directors may from time to time determine with the rights and restrictions contained in the Bye-laws as outlined in the Placement Memorandum.

(a) Voting Rights: On a show of hands every Shareholder who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote and every Founder Shareholder who is present, in person or by proxy, shall have one vote in respect of all of the Founder Shares. On a poll, every Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall be entitled to one vote in respect of each share held by him, and every Founder Shareholder who is present in person or by proxy, shall be entitled to one vote in respect of all of the Founder Shares.

(b) Dividends: Shareholders shall be entitled to such dividends as the Directors may from time to time declare. The Founder Shareholders shall not be entitled to any dividends in respect of such Founder Shares.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
6. Share Capital (continued)

(c) Redemption: Shares may be redeemed by Shareholders on any Dealing Day in accordance with the Bye-laws.

(d) Winding Up: If the Directors decide that it is in the best interests of Shareholders to wind up the Fund, the Secretary shall forthwith at the Directors' request, convene a special general meeting of the Fund to consider a proposal to appoint a liquidator to wind up the Fund. The liquidator, on appointment, shall firstly apply the assets of the Fund in satisfaction of creditors' claims as he or she deems appropriate. The assets of the Fund shall then be distributed amongst the Shareholders. The assets available for distribution amongst the Shareholders shall be applied as per the procedure outlined in the Bye-laws.

Transactions in Shares for the year ending December 31, 2017 were as follows:

USD Share Class A	No. of Shares	Total US\$
Balance at December 31, 2016	304,419	40,211,252
Shares issued in the year	84,616	10,167,000
Shares redeemed in the year	(110,529)	(13,262,384)
Balance at December 31, 2017	278,506	37,115,868

USD Share Class B	No. of Shares	Total US\$
Balance at December 31, 2016	1,000	100,000
Shares issued in the year	-	-
Shares redeemed in the year	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	1,000	100,000

USD Share Class D	No. of Shares	Total US\$
Balance at December 31, 2016	113,809	10,800,000
Shares issued in the year	5,968	500,000
Shares redeemed in the year	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	119,777	11,300,000

USD Share Class E	No. of Shares	Total US\$
Balance at December 31, 2016	258,970	33,131,364
Shares issued in the year	92,030	10,580,543
Shares redeemed in the year	(81,195)	(9,282,298)
Balance at December 31, 2017	269,805	34,429,609

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Sundry payables and accrued expenses

	December 31, 2017
	US\$
Administration Fee	1,000
Registrar and Transfer Agent Fee	833
Audit Fee	10,000
Tax Fee	36,000
Total Sundry payables and accrued expenses	<u>47,833</u>

8. Financial Instruments

The main risks arising from the Fund’s financial instruments are as follows:

Investment in ACL Alternative Fund

The Fund is subject to the risks associated with the ACL Alternative Fund’s investments and may also be adversely impacted by the activities of other shareholders in the ACL Alternative Fund. The risks arising from the ACL Alternative Fund’s investments are set out in the notes to the ACL Alternative Fund’s Financial Statements.

Market risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the market value of the financial instruments. The Fund’s exposure to market risk results from its direct investment in the ACL Alternative Fund and is therefore indirectly determined by a number of factors including interest rates, foreign currency exchange and market volatility arising from the ACL Alternative Fund’s investments in the Trading Funds. Investments by the ACL Alternative Fund into the Trading Funds may be made in markets located in countries which are exposed to the risks of political change or years of political uncertainty which could adversely affect the market value of the investments held by the ACL Alternative Fund.

The ACL Alternative Fund, through its investments into the Trading Funds, may invest in securities or derivatives which are unlisted or for which there is no active market. For example, the Trading Funds may invest in derivatives with direct or indirect exposure to emerging markets and such investments may be subject to increased political risk or adverse currency movements compared to securities traded in more developed markets. In addition, the Trading Funds may acquire investments which are only traded over-the-counter. Accurately valuing and realizing such investments, or closing out positions in such investments at appropriate prices, may not always be possible.

Operational Risk

Pursuant to Investment Manager’s Risk Management Policy, risks throughout the Investment Manager are identified, measured, assessed and monitored in the Risk Register. This system identifies factors that could cause risk, including operational risk, measures to reduce risk and any required solutions. It is reviewed on an ongoing basis by the respective business units and the Risk Management Unit. Reviews are completed by staff in consultation with the Risk Management Unit. The Risk Register is reviewed and approved annually by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager.

Leverage

Under AIFMD, the Investment Manager is required to express the level which the Fund’s leverage will not exceed, as a ratio between the Fund’s total exposure and its Net Asset Value. AIFMD prescribes two methodologies for calculating overall exposure of a fund: the “gross methodology” and the “commitment methodology”. These methodologies are briefly summarised below but are set out in full detail in AIFMD.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**8. Financial Instruments (continued)****Leverage (continued)**

The commitment methodology takes account of the hedging and netting arrangements employed by a fund at any given time (purchased and sold derivative positions will be netted where both relate strictly to the same underlying asset). By contrast, the gross methodology does not take account of the netting or hedging arrangements employed by a fund.

Based on the methodologies for calculating global exposure outlined above, the Fund's maximum expected level of leverage is one time the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Gross method. The Fund's maximum expected level of leverage is also one time the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Commitment method.

Liquidity risk

In order to ensure that cash is available for the Fund to meet redemption requests, the Investment Manager has established and maintains risk management policies and systems which are designed to ensure that the Fund maintains a level of liquidity appropriate to its underlying obligations. The liquidity of the Fund is subject to the risks associated with the ACL Alternative Fund's investments and may also be adversely impacted by the activities of other shareholders in the ACL Alternative Fund. The liquidity risks arising from the ACL Alternative Fund's investments and the management of these risks by the Investment Manager are set out in the notes to the ACL Alternative Fund's audited Financial Statements.

9. Gains and losses from financial instruments

The following table details the gains and losses from financial assets and liabilities:

	For the year ended December 31, 2017 US\$
Net change in unrealized gain on investments	3,821,638
Total Gain on investments	<u>3,821,638</u>
Realized loss on investments	(2,663,480)
Total losses on investments	<u>(2,663,480)</u>

Gains and losses presented above exclude the Fund's interest income and interest expense.

10. Related party disclosures

The Directors of the Fund are entitled to remuneration as agreed by the Directors and shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. Total Directors Fees will be no greater than US\$5,000 per annum. Mr. Carney does not receive a Director's fee. All other related party transactions have been fully disclosed in the Financial Statements, including investment in affiliated funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

11. Cash and cash equivalents

Amounts held with the Fund’s Depository (BNP Paribas Securities Services, Dublin Branch) as at December 31, 2017 amounted to US\$384,361. BNP Paribas Securities Services, Dublin Branch is rated by the following credit agencies: S&P A-1, Moody P-1 and Fitch F1.

12. Accounting for uncertainty in income taxes

Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 740-10 “*Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of ASC 740*” clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the Fund’s Financial Statements in conformity with ASC 740 “*Accounting for Income Taxes*”. ASC 740-10 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position or expected position to be taken on a tax return. Given the Fund’s domicile, the investment objective of the Fund and the strategy, the Directors of the Fund have determined there are no uncertain tax positions.

In addition, the Fund is not subject to any tax examinations by the tax authorities in its country of domicile or taxing authorities in other jurisdictions.

13. Historic Net Asset Values per share (NAV) and Funds under Management (FUM)

Share Class		Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2016	Dec 31, 2017
USD Share Class A	NAV	\$128.57	\$122.20	\$124.56
USD Share Class B	NAV	\$121.21	\$115.29	\$117.80
USD Share Class D*	NAV	N/A	\$85.73	\$87.05
USD Share Class E	NAV	\$125.27	\$118.00	\$119.09

Share Class		Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2016	Dec 31, 2017
USD Share Class A	FUM	\$16,221,201	\$37,201,169	\$34,690,154
USD Share Class B	FUM	\$121,207	\$115,294	\$117,801
USD Share Class D*	FUM	N/A	\$9,756,611	\$10,426,851
USD Share Class E	FUM	\$17,984,554	\$30,558,078	\$32,131,304

*USD Share Class D was launched on February 25, 2016.

14. Subsequent events

Events subsequent to December 31, 2017 have been evaluated up to March 06, 2018 the date these audited Financial Statements were available to be issued.

No material subsequent events have occurred since December 31, 2017 that would require recognition or disclosure in these audited Financial Statements.

15. Approval of audited Financial Statements

These audited Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on March 06, 2018.

Appendix

Unaudited Supplemental Disclosures to the Financial Statements

Remuneration Policy

It is the Investment Manager's policy to maintain an honest, fair and ethical culture that promotes effective risk management. Accordingly, the Investment Manager has established and maintains a Remuneration Policy, which applies to all the Investment Manager employees and officers, and which is designed to ensure that:

- (i) The Investment Manager remunerates its staff in a manner that is sufficient to attract and retain professional staff that have the required skills, expertise and experience to carry out their duties effectively and;
- (ii) sound and effective risk management is promoted and risk-taking, which is inconsistent with the risk profile and rules of the Investment Manager and the Funds that it manages, is not encouraged or rewarded.

The Investment Manager has formulated its Remuneration Policy with the following objectives:

- To be in line with its business strategy, objectives, values and long-term interests;
- To be consistent with, and promote, sound and effective risk management, without encouraging risk-taking that exceeds the level of tolerated risk of the Investment Manager or the funds that it manages;
- To align the personal objectives of staff with the long term interests of the Investment Manager and the funds that it manages;
- To meet the remuneration provisions of AIFMD;
- To ensure our ability to strengthen or maintain a suitable capital base (to meet operational requirements);
- To include measures to avoid conflicts of interest for control staff (risk management or compliance); and
- To be in line with our code of conduct for employees and our compliance culture.

The remuneration policy has been designed by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager.

The Board and senior management of the Investment Manager have assessed all members of staff and have determined that only the voting members of the Investment Manager's Investment Committee that are also members of the board are authorized to take any decision that affects the risk profile of the Investment Manager and the funds managed by the Investment Manager and so are classified by the Investment Manager as Identified Staff.

For performance related remuneration, the total amount is based on a combination of the assessment of the performance of the individual, of the business unit concerned, and of the overall results of the Investment Manager; when assessing individual performance, financial and non-financial criteria are taken into account. The performance of the Investment Manager is dependent on the performance of the funds that it manages, since the Investment Manager generates its revenue from management and incentive fees paid to it by these funds, and, therefore, the interests of all members of staff are aligned with the interests of the shareholders in the funds managed by the Investment Manager.

Appendix (continued)

**Unaudited Supplemental Disclosures to the Financial Statements
(continued)**

Remuneration Policy (continued)

The following table shows the remuneration made to persons employed by the Investment Manager during the year, analysed by category;

For year ended December 31, 2017	Number of Beneficiaries	Total Remuneration Paid	Fixed Remuneration Paid	Variable Remuneration paid	Carried Interest paid by AIF
		USD	USD	USD	USD
Total remuneration paid by the Investment Manager during the financial year	70	8,566,498	4,516,786	4,049,712	-
Remuneration paid to employees of the Investment Manager who have a material impact on the risk profile of the Fund					
Senior Management (including executives)*	2	2,320,397			
Risk Takers and other identified staff*	2	2,320,397			
Allocation of total remuneration of the employees of the Investment Manager to the Fund**					
Senior Management (including executives)*	2	44,113			
Other risk takers and other identified staff*	2	44,113			

* Members of Senior Management (including executives) who may have a material impact on the risk profile of the Fund are also the employees who the Investment Manager has designated as Identified Staff in accordance with the Investment Manager's Remuneration Policy.

** Allocation of total remuneration of the employees of the Investment Manager to the Fund is calculated based on the percentage that the Fund represents of total Fund assets under management of the Investment Manager using average NAVs during the financial year.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

**Audited Financial Statements for the year
January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017**

Abbey Capital Limited is an Alternative Investment Fund Manager, regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Abbey Capital Limited is the Commodity Pool Operator of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited and operates it as an exempt pool pursuant to sub-section 4.7 of the Regulations issued pursuant to the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended. Abbey Capital Limited is a member of the National Futures Association (“NFA”), and is registered as an Investment Advisor with the Securities Exchange Commission (“SEC”). None of the regulators listed above endorse, indemnify, or guarantee the member’s business practices, selling methods, the class or type of securities offered, or any specific security.

NFA ID: P046201

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

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ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Affirmation Statement

ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited
Victoria Place
31 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 10
Bermuda

Affirmation Required by the Commodity Exchange Act, Regulation §4.7(b)(3)(i)

I, Mick Swift, Director of Abbey Capital Limited (Commodity Pool Operator of ACL Alternative Fund and ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited), hereby affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this annual report is accurate and complete.



Mick Swift
Director,
Abbey Capital Limited
Commodity Pool Operator of ACL Alternative Fund and ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

March 06, 2018

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Directory

Registered Office of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited: Victoria Place, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

Directors

Peter Carney
(Non-Executive Director)
James Keyes
(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Nicholas Hoskins
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Auditor

KPMG
1 Harbourmaster Place
IFSC
Dublin 1
Ireland

Legal Adviser

Conyers Dill & Pearman
Clarendon House
2 Church Street
Hamilton HM 11
Bermuda

Corporate Secretary & Bermuda Registrar

M.Q. Services Limited
Victoria Place
31 Victoria Street
Hamilton HM 10
Bermuda

Depository

BNP Paribas Securities Services, Dublin Branch
Trinity Point
10-11 Leinster Street South
Dublin 2
Ireland

Investment Manager

Abbey Capital Limited
1-2 Cavendish Row
Dublin 1
Ireland

Listing Sponsor

McCann FitzGerald Listing Services Limited
Riverside One
Sir John Rogerson's Quay
Dublin 2
Ireland

Administrator, Registrar & Transfer Agent

BNP Paribas Bank & Trust Cayman Limited
Buckingham Square
3rd Floor
720 West Bay Road
Grand Cayman, KY1-1104
Cayman Islands

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Investment Manager's Report

Legal Structure

ACL Alternative Fund (the "Fund") is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited (the "Company"). The ACL Alternative Program (USD Share Class A) commenced in December 2000 and was incorporated as an open-ended investment company in Bermuda on January 4, 2002. The Company commenced operating as a Segregated Accounts Company on May 18, 2009 following its restructure under the Segregated Account Companies Act 2000 of Bermuda, as amended (the "Act").

The Company has created five share classes, namely the USD Share Class, the GBP Hedged Share Class, the EUR Hedged Share Class, the CHF Hedged Share Class and the Yen Hedged Share Class, each of which is subdivided into a number of sub-classes of which sixteen are currently in issue (see table below for details). The Directors have the power to issue further share classes in different currencies in the future.

Share Classes in Issue	Launch Date	NAV per share as of December 31, 2017
USD Share Class A	January 31, 2002	\$300.67
USD Share Class B	July 3, 2006	\$175.83
USD Share Class C	January 2, 2009	\$104.16
USD Share Class D	January 15, 2014	\$132.37
USD Share Class E	April 1, 2014	\$126.84
Euro Hedged Share Class A	July 1, 2004	€209.34
Euro Hedged Share Class B	July 1, 2009	€117.07
Euro Hedged Share Class C	January 29, 2010	€109.40
GBP Hedged Share Class A	June 1, 2010	£118.82
GBP Hedged Share Class B	January 30, 2006	£193.26
GBP Hedged Share Class C	February 4, 2011	£99.00
CHF Hedged Share Class A	April 15, 2011	CHF90.30
CHF Hedged Share Class B	March 1, 2010	CHF112.41
CHF Hedged Share Class C	October 15, 2010	CHF93.03
JPY Hedged Share Class B	January 21, 2011	¥10,292
JPY Hedged Share Class D	August 31, 2010	¥10,607

The Fund has five feeder funds. Abbey Global, LP and ACL Global Fund (a sub-fund of ACL Fund SICAV Plc) invest in excess of 40% of their assets in the Fund. Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited, Abbey Capital ACL Alternative Fund (a sub-fund of ACL Fund SICAV Plc), and Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited, invest the majority of their assets into the Fund.

Investment Objective and Strategy

The Fund allocated to 22 trading funds (the "Trading Funds") as at December 31, 2017, each Trading Fund being a separate and distinct fund established and maintained by the Company. Through its shareholdings in the Trading Funds, the Fund operates as a multi-manager Fund. The Trading Advisors of the Trading Funds are given a power of attorney to trade on behalf of a Trading Fund through a managed account in the Trading Fund's name held with one of the Trading Fund's principal brokers.

Diversification is achieved at both the Trading Fund trading style and market sector level. The Fund, through its allocation of assets to the Trading Funds, invests in a range of trading styles, including long-term trend following, short-term systematic, value, discretionary macro and specialist FX strategies. Market exposure is broadly diversified with positions in global currency, financial and commodity markets.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Investment Objective and Strategy (continued)

The Trading Advisors for the Trading Funds are selected on the basis of a variety of quantitative and qualitative criteria, including:

- long-term positive returns on capital invested,
- favorable risk-adjusted performance measures,
- favorable inter-Trading Advisor correlations to provide diversification benefits between Trading Advisors, and
- proven track record and risk management capability.

Attention is also paid to the correlation between each Trading Advisor's returns and the returns on equities. Ideally Trading Advisors that have displayed a tendency to have a negative correlation with equities when equities are declining are preferred. This has resulted in the Fund's low long-term correlation with equity markets.

Fund Performance to date

The Fund USD Share Class A returned +2.57% in 2017. Since inception in December 2000 the Fund (USD Share Class A) has returned cumulatively +259.46%, providing an annualised return for the USD Share Class A of +7.77%⁽¹⁾.

At the trading style level, Long-term Trendfollowing ("Trendfollowing") contributed positively to performance. The strongest trends were in equities, and Trendfollowing managers maintained long positions through the year generating strong profits from equity trading. While gains in equities were offset by losses in currencies, bonds, and energy in the first half, later in the year Trendfollowing managers capitalised on the moves in base metals and energy. Unsurprisingly, Trendfollowing managers who particularly profited from the rally in equities tended to outperform other managers.

The Fund's diversifying strategies had a more difficult year, as all non-trendfollowing trading styles finished negative in 2017. Short-term Systematic ("Short-term") was the largest detractor from performance. These managers focus on trading from intra-day out to 10 days and the low volatility environment was a particular headwind as compressed daily ranges and a lack of follow-through in markets, particularly in bonds, was a challenge. Volatility for the S&P 500 in 2017 was at its lowest level for a number of decades with an average daily range of 59 basis points in futures, about 41% of the longer-term level. However, low volatility was not confined to equities: volatility on the US Treasury note future also touched multi-decade lows.

Speculation around the economic policies of the new US administration was a key driver of markets early in the year. Expectations of fiscal stimulus had driven strong trends in markets after the US presidential election in late 2016, but investors became more cautious on President Trump's ability to enact significant measures during the first quarter. After touching a multi-year high in early January, the USD declined, as investors unwound expectations that the Federal Reserve ("Fed") may have to accelerate the pace of monetary tightening. The shift in rate expectations saw bond yields peak and reverse in March. At the same time, equities continued to advance, buoyed by positive corporate earnings, and generally favourable macroeconomic data. Losses from the reversals in currencies and bonds were somewhat offset by gains in equities producing a mixed quarter for the Fund.

⁽¹⁾The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. The ACL Alternative program (USD Share Class A) commenced in December 2000 and was incorporated as a Fund in January 2002. Return figures shown are net of fees and include interest (pro forma interest is included from December 2000 - April 2001, actual interest thereafter). Please note that due to different fee structures within ACL Alternative Fund, different share classes will have different returns. Some ACL Alternative Fund share classes may have generated a lower return than the ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A. Past results are not indicative of future results.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Fund performance to date (continued)

Market reversals and low volatility became more of a headwind for the Fund in Q2 as key events, such as the French presidential election, produced outcomes favourable for global equities but contributed to the general environment of range trading and low volatility. Although there was a notable pick-up in geopolitical risk as the US launched a missile attack on Syria and as North Korea repeatedly conducted tests of ballistic missiles, the market impact of these events was relatively short-lived. Macroeconomic developments also contributed to a favourable backdrop for risk assets and low volatility. While US economic data was strong enough to encourage the Fed to continue on its path of raising rates, inflation remained muted and this goldilocks scenario allowed the monetary tightening to be gradual. Growth outside the US started to pick up, and the major impact of this was felt on the USD, which weakened further as US yield differentials over other economies reduced somewhat.

The USD reversal was a key driver of the difficult performance in Q2 but this was compounded by reversals and range-trading in other markets. Fixed income markets remained choppy as eurozone bonds corrected on upbeat comments from European Central Bank ("ECB") President Mario Draghi, who highlighted that the eurozone economic recovery was strengthening. Metals were choppy in a broad range and although energy prices declined, crude oil oscillated sharply, torn between rising US output and signs of stronger demand. Soft commodities and grains were difficult in June as the US Department of Agriculture ("USDA") report released at the end of June triggered reversals in soybeans, corn and wheat, producing losses for Trendfollowing managers in particular. USD Share Class A was down -8.96% as of the end of June⁽¹⁾.

Performance picked up strongly in the second half of the year as USD Share Class A delivered a return of +12.66% between July and December⁽¹⁾. Global economic conditions continued to show further improvement. Eurozone economic growth accelerated, prompting the ECB to signal a tapering of asset purchases in 2018. A surprise rate increase from the Bank of Canada and hawkish comments from the Bank of England also contributed to a general sense that growth was picking up strongly, which underpinned the global equity rally. This trend provided a strong opportunity for Trendfollowing managers and was augmented by trends in other markets. In July and August base metals and bonds rallied, and later in the year the trends rotated to energy markets with crude oil experiencing a sustained uptrend. At the same time, the performance of non-Trendfollowing managers improved. While the low volatility environment persisted, and continued to be difficult for Short-term managers, Value, Global Macro and FX managers contributed positively over the period with spread trading by Value managers, in particular, contributing to overall positive performance.

At the manager level, while the overall level of dispersion across managers was below the longer-term average, we saw divergent performance between managers within each of the trading styles. While the strongest performing managers were in Trendfollowing, there was also strong performance from individual managers in Global Macro and Value.

In terms of strategy and manager allocations, we maintained the Fund's risk allocation to Trendfollowing strategies at 50-60% through the year with the balance allocated to uncorrelated non-Trendfollowing strategies. During the year, two Short-term managers were removed and one Global Macro and one Trendfollowing manager were added. The Fund allocates to 22 managers as of 31st December 2017.

⁽¹⁾The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. The ACL Alternative program (USD Share Class A) commenced in December 2000 and was incorporated as a Fund in January 2002. Return figures shown are net of fees and include interest (pro forma interest is included from December 2000 – April 2001, actual interest thereafter). Please note that due to different fee structures within ACL Alternative Fund, different share classes will have different returns. Some ACL Alternative Fund share classes may have generated a lower return than the ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A. Past results are not indicative of future results.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Investment Manager's Report (continued)

Fund performance to date (continued)

The Fund's USD Share Class A has delivered total cumulative returns of +259.46% since inception, versus +185.10% for the S&P 500 Total Return Index and +122.05% for the SG CTA Index⁽²⁾ over the same time frame.

Abbey Capital Limited – Investment Manager

As we have in every year over the last seventeen years, we continued to invest in our infrastructure and team, adding to our headcount in Research and Markets and we expanded our head office premises in Dublin. In developing our business and product offering our objective is to deliver strong investment returns⁽²⁾ over the long term and to provide real value and excellent client service to investors.

The first half of 2017 was a frustrating period for investors in managed futures as performance was challenging while returns in equities were strong. At such times it was natural to question the benefit of having a diversifying strategy like managed futures in a portfolio. However, the notable pick-up in performance in the second half of 2017 highlights how quickly the market environment can change and how this can translate into positive performance. We would like to thank all of our investors for your ongoing support and commitment to the asset class during the drawdown.

From our perspective, we continue to maintain a conviction in the merit of managed futures investing and this is reflected in our own investment portfolios. We are committed to being a specialist in multi-manager managed futures investing and believe the case for managed futures within a diversified portfolio remains strong. Looking ahead to 2018 we remain optimistic on the outlook for managed futures and the Fund.

Abbey Capital Limited

January 2018

⁽²⁾The ACL Alternative Fund is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited. The ACL Alternative program commenced in December 2000 and was incorporated as a Fund (USD Share Class A) in January 2002. Return figures shown are net of fees and include interest (pro forma interest is included from December 2000 – April 2001, actual interest thereafter). The above is shown for illustrative purposes only. None of the funds managed by Abbey Capital Limited are benchmarked against any index. Please note that due to different fee structures within the ACL Alternative Fund, different share classes will have different returns. Some ACL Alternative Fund share classes may have generated a lower return than the ACL Alternative Fund USD Share Class A. Past results are not indicative of future results.

⁽³⁾ Investing in managed futures is not suitable for all investors given its speculative nature and the high level of risk involved. For further information about the potential risks associated with an investment in the fund please refer to the "Risk Factors" set out in the private placement memorandum of the fund.



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Independent Auditors Report to the Shareholders of ACL Alternative Fund Limited

1 Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of ACL Alternative Fund Limited (“the Fund”) for the year ended 31 December 2017 set out on pages 11 to 46, which comprise the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, Condensed Schedule of Investments, the Statement of Operations and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year then ended and related notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2017 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“U.S. GAAP”).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In arriving at our audit opinion above, the key audit matters in descending order of audit significance were as follows:

Valuation of investment in short term deposits US\$1,493,146,999

Refer to page 23 (accounting policy) and pages 24 to 25 (financial disclosures)

The key audit matter

The Fund's Investments in Short Term deposits makes up 56.71% of total assets (by value) of the Fund. We do not consider these investments to be at high risk of significant misstatement, or to be subject to a significant level of judgement, because they comprise liquid investments. However, due to their materiality in the context of the financial statements as a whole, they are considered of most significance in the audit of the financial statements.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- documenting the processes in place to record investment transactions and to value the portfolio and assessing the design and implementation of controls relevant to the valuation of investments.
- agreeing the valuation of 100% of the investments to confirmations independently received from third party counterparties.



Independent Auditors Report to the Shareholders of ACL Alternative Fund Limited (continued)

No material misstatements were noted as part of our testing.

Valuation of derivatives. Assets: US\$290,328,663. Liabilities: US\$208,696,847

Refer to page 23 (accounting policy) and pages 34 to 41 (financial instruments)

The key audit matter

How the matter was addressed in our audit

As a consequence of the Fund's investment strategy the Fund has a significant exposure to both long and short exchange traded derivatives and foreign exchange contracts having a market exposure of US\$81,631,816. We do not consider the valuation of these derivatives to be complex. However due to the large number of open positions and their materiality in the context of the financial statements as a whole they are considered of most significance to the audit of the financial statements.

Our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- documenting the processes in place to record derivative transactions and to value the portfolio and assessing the design and implementation of controls relevant to the valuation of investments.
- recalculation of the fair value of 100% of derivative instruments based on third party market information such as Bloomberg; and
- consideration of the adequacy of related disclosures.

We found that valuations of derivatives and the related disclosures were appropriate.

Other information

Management is responsible for preparation of other information accompanying the financial statements. The other information comprises the Investment Manager's report, Remuneration Policy information and additional information for qualified investors in Switzerland.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion on that information.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether that information is materially inconsistent with the financial misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

2 Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

Responsibilities of the Directors and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and U.S. GAAP, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Independent Auditors Report to the Shareholders of ACL Alternative Fund Limited (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Further details relating to our work as auditor is set out in the Scope of Responsibilities Statement contained in the appendix of this report, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

Our report is made solely to the Fund's Shareholders as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. We do not accept or assume responsibilities to anyone other than the Shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Brian Clavin.

KPMG

KPMG
Chartered Accountants, Statutory Audit Firm
1 Harbourmaster Place
IFSC
Dublin 1
Ireland

6 March 2018



Independent Auditors Report to the Shareholders of ACL Alternative Fund Limited (continued)

Appendix to the Independent Auditor's Report

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Condensed Schedule of Investments

		Fair Value US\$	% of Net Asset Value
Short Term Deposits			
ABN AMRO, January 2, 2018, 1.25%		177,256,981	7.55%
Bank of Montreal, January 2, 2018, 1.13%		177,208,442	7.55%
Mizuho Corporate Bank, January 2, 2018, 1.43%		177,168,614	7.54%
BNP Paribas, January 2, 2018, 1.36%		176,751,500	7.53%
DZ Bank, January 2, 2018, 1.43%		176,514,274	7.52%
DNB ASA, January 2, 2018, 1.38%		176,067,906	7.50%
Danske Bank, January 2, 2018, 1.41%		162,983,165	6.94%
NBC, January 2, 2018, 1.30%		129,027,852	5.49%
Bank of Tokyo, January 2, 2018, 1.19%		109,493,265	4.66%
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, January 2, 2018, 1.31%		30,675,000	1.30%
Total Short Term Deposits (cost: US\$1,492,697,125)		1,493,146,999	63.58%
Purchased Option Contracts			
	No. of contracts	Fair Value US\$	% of Net Asset Value
Various Currency Futures Contracts (Feb18)	1,500	1,800,000	0.08%
Various Interest Rate Futures Contracts (Jun-Dec18)	25,355	11,022,069	0.47%
Total Purchased Option Contracts (cost: US\$4,987,247)	26,855	12,822,069	0.55%
Sold Option Contracts			
	No. of contracts	Fair Value US\$	% of Net Asset Value
Various Interest Rate Futures Contracts (Dec18)	(25,355)	(4,269,719)	(0.18%)
Total Sold Option Contracts (cost: (US\$2,372,575))	(25,355)	(4,269,719)	(0.18%)
Investments in Long Futures Contracts			
	No. of contracts	Fair Value US\$	% of Net Asset Value
Various Currency Futures Contracts (Jan-Mar18)	9,783	10,960,930	0.47%
Various Energy Futures Contracts (Jan18-Nov19)	17,168	49,064,689	2.09%
Various Grains Futures Contracts (Feb18-Mar19)	6,563	(1,957,946)	(0.09%)
Various Index Futures Contracts (Jan18-Dec21)	38,978	12,656,841	0.54%
Various Non-Equity Index Contracts (Jan 18)	17	83,373	0.00%
Various Interest Rate Futures Contracts (Mar18-Jun21)	49,404	(781,214)	(0.03%)
Various Financial Futures Contracts (Mar18)	28,757	(24,404,384)	(1.04%)
Various Meat Futures Contracts (Jan-Jun18)	1,581	(1,291,192)	(0.05%)
Various Metal Futures Contracts (Jan18-Apr19)	17,151	62,230,765	2.65%
Various Industrial Futures Contracts (Jan-Jun18)	127	184,806	0.01%
Various Tropical Futures Contracts (Mar-Dec18)	3,253	9,164,778	0.39%
Total Long Futures Contracts	172,782	115,911,446	4.94%

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Condensed Schedule of Investments (continued)

Investment in Short Futures Contracts	No. of contracts	Fair Value US\$	% of Net Asset Value
Various Currency Futures Contracts (Jan-Mar18)	(10,466)	(7,454,852)	(0.32%)
Various Energy Futures Contracts (Jan18-Jan19)	(10,986)	(19,842,350)	(0.84%)
Various Grains Futures Contracts (Jan-Dec18)	(38,575)	5,271,893	0.22%
Various Index Futures Contracts (Jan-Apr18)	(5,687)	(1,293,233)	(0.06%)
Various Interest Rate Contracts (Mar18-Dec20)	(67,787)	10,081,030	0.43%
Various Financial Contracts (Mar18)	(28,758)	8,854,296	0.38%
Various Meat Futures Contracts (Feb-Jun18)	(1,113)	(216,163)	(0.01%)
Various Metal Futures Contracts (Jan-Jul18)	(9,922)	(51,592,284)	(2.20%)
Various Industrial Futures Contracts (May18)	(9)	(256)	(0.00%)
Various Tropical Futures Contracts (Mar18)	(165)	(64,023)	(0.00%)
Total Short Futures Contracts	(173,468)	(56,255,942)	(2.40%)
Investments in Long Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts		Fair Value US\$	% of Net Asset Value
Various Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts		77,358,137	3.29%
Total Long Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts		77,358,137	3.29%
Investments in Short Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts		Fair Value US\$	% of Net Asset Value
Various Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts		(63,934,175)	(2.72%)
Total Short Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts		(63,934,175)	(2.72%)
Net unrealized gains on Futures, Options and Forward Contracts		81,631,816	3.48%
Other Net Assets and Liabilities		773,604,883	32.94%
Net assets		2,348,383,698	100.00%

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

	December 31, 2017
	US\$
Assets	
Investments in Short Term deposits (Note 3)	1,493,146,999
Derivative & foreign exchange contracts, at fair value (Note 3,7)	290,328,663
Cash and cash equivalents	168,280,606
Due from broker	681,198,117
Total Assets	2,632,954,385
Liabilities	
Derivative & foreign exchange contracts, at fair value (Note 3,7)	208,696,847
Depreciation deposits / Equalization credits (Note 4)	35,198,687
Subscriptions received in advance	21,018,965
Redemptions payable (Note 2)	11,919,356
Fees payable (Note 4)	7,736,832
Total Liabilities	284,570,687
Net Assets	2,348,383,698
Analysis of Net Assets	
Paid-in capital (Note 6)	2,133,977,803
Distributable earnings	214,405,895
Net Assets	2,348,383,698

NAV Information & Shares in Issue

Share Class	NAV per Share	Shares in issue
USD Share Class A	\$300.67	5,196,166
USD Share Class B	\$175.83	1,658,865
USD Share Class C	\$104.16	52,668
USD Share Class D	\$132.37	81,624
USD Share Class E	\$126.84	321,675
Euro Hedged Share Class A	€209.34	398,188
Euro Hedged Share Class B	€117.07	387,209
Euro Hedged Share Class C	€109.40	1,051
GBP Hedged Share Class A	£118.82	1,476,342
GBP Hedged Share Class B	£193.26	6,316
GBP Hedged Share Class C	£99.00	4,274
CHF Hedged Share Class A	CHF90.30	27,807
CHF Hedged Share Class B	CHF112.41	33,051
CHF Hedged Share Class C	CHF93.03	1,326
JPY Hedged Share Class B	¥10,292	202,949
JPY Hedged Share Class D	¥10,607	193,319

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Statement of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:


Director
Date: March 06, 2018


Director

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Statement of Operations

	For the year January 1 to December 31, 2017 US\$
Investment income	
Interest income (Note 2)	17,550,721
Expenses	
Investment manager management fees (Note 4)	(19,131,986)
Trading advisors' management fees (Note 4)	(14,991,478)
Trading advisors' incentive fees (Note 4)	(2,167,582)
Administration fees (Note 4)	(1,979,925)
Depository fees (Note 4)	(414,000)
Audit & Tax fees (Note 4)	(225,833)
Legal & other professional fees (Note 4)	(212,545)
Registrar & transfer agent fees (Note 4)	(150,000)
Directors' fees (Note 4)	(17,500)
Total expenses	<u>(39,290,849)</u>
Net investment loss	<u>(21,740,128)</u>
Net realized gain on:	
Investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency (Note 9)	83,274,632
Net change in unrealized gain on:	
Investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency (Note 9)	23,131,501
Net gain from investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	<u>106,406,133</u>
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	<u>84,666,005</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by


Director

Date: March 06, 2018


Director

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	December 31, 2017 US\$
Operations	
Net investment loss for the year	(21,740,128)
Net realized gain from	
Investments in derivative contracts and foreign exchange	83,274,632
Net change in unrealized gain on	
Investments in derivative contracts and foreign exchange	23,131,501
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	<u>84,666,005</u>
Capital share transactions	
Proceeds on issue of shares (Note 6)	290,244,371
Paid on redemption of shares (Note 6)	(504,610,092)
Depreciation deposits applied (Note 4)	210,572
Net decrease in net assets resulting from capital share transactions	<u>(214,155,149)</u>
Net decrease in net assets	<u>(129,489,144)</u>
Net Assets	
Beginning of the year	2,477,872,842
End of Year	<u>2,348,383,698</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Financial Highlights

The following tables include selected data for each Share Class outstanding at each month end throughout the year and other performance information derived from the Financial Statements. The per share amounts which are shown reflect the income and expenses of the Fund.

Share Class	USD Share Class A	USD Share Class B	USD Share Class C	USD Share Class D	USD Share Class E
Currency	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD
Net investment gain/(loss)	(2.50)	(1.88)	(2.11)	(2.05)	(2.27)
Net realized & unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	10.04	5.86	3.44	4.39	4.19
Net increase/(decrease) in Net Asset Value per Share*	7.54	3.98	1.33	2.34	1.92
Net Asset Value per share:					
Beginning of year	293.13	171.85	102.83	130.03	124.92
End of year	300.67	175.83	104.16	132.37	126.84
Total return before Trading Advisor incentive fees	2.66%	2.41%	1.38%	1.89%	1.63%
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net return	2.57%	2.32%	1.29%	1.80%	1.54%
Expenses to average net assets before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(1.52%)	(1.77%)	(2.77%)	(2.27%)	(2.52%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net expenses**	(1.61%)	(1.86%)	(2.86%)	(2.36%)	(2.61%)
Net investment loss before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.77%)	(1.02%)	(2.02%)	(1.52%)	(1.77%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net investment (loss)	(0.86%)	(1.11%)	(2.11%)	(1.61%)	(1.86%)
Net assets, end of year in USD	1,562,309,406	291,672,135	5,485,882	10,804,479	40,801,692

* Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year.

** As set out in Note 4 to these Financial Statements, the Fund does not pay fees and expenses directly. All fees and expenses of the Fund are distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund's holding in each Trading Fund.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Financial Highlights (continued)

Share Class	GBP Hedged Share Class A	GBP Hedged Share Class B	GBP Hedged Share Class C	Euro Hedged Share Class A	Euro Hedged Share Class B
Currency	GBP	GBP	GBP	EUR	EUR
Net investment gain/(loss)	(1.00)	(2.07)	(2.02)	(1.76)	(1.26)
Net realized & unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	2.80	4.52	2.28	3.01	1.71
Net increase/(decrease) in Net Asset Value per Share*	1.80	2.45	0.26	1.25	0.45
Net Asset Value per share:					
Beginning of year	117.02	190.81	98.74	208.09	116.62
End of year	118.82	193.26	99.00	209.34	117.07
Total return before Trading Advisor incentive fees	1.63%	1.37%	0.35%	0.69%	0.48%
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net return	1.54%	1.28%	0.26%	0.60%	0.39%
Expenses to average net assets before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(1.52%)	(1.77%)	(2.77%)	(1.52%)	(1.77%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net expenses**	(1.61%)	(1.86%)	(2.86%)	(1.61%)	(1.86%)
Net investment loss before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.77%)	(1.02%)	(2.02%)	(0.77%)	(1.02%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net investment (loss)	(0.86%)	(1.11%)	(2.11%)	(0.86%)	(1.11%)
Net assets, end of year in USD	237,119,831	1,649,897	571,985	100,117,744	54,444,448

* Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year.

** As set out in Note 4 to these Financial Statements, the Fund does not pay fees and expenses directly. All fees and expenses of the Fund are distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund's holding in each Trading Fund.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Financial Highlights (continued)

Share Class	EUR Hedged Share Class C	CHF Hedged Share Class A	CHF Hedged Share Class B	CHF Hedged Share Class C
Currency	EUR	CHF	CHF	CHF
Net investment gain/(loss)	(2.23)	(0.77)	(1.21)	(1.91)
Net realized & unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	1.55	0.84	1.18	0.94
Net increase/(decrease) in Net Asset Value per Share*	(0.68)	0.07	(0.03)	(0.97)
Net Asset Value per share:				
Beginning of year	110.08	90.23	112.44	94.00
End of year	109.40	90.30	112.41	93.03
Total return before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.53%)	0.17%	0.06%	(0.94%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net return	(0.62%)	0.08%	(0.03%)	(1.03%)
Expenses to average net assets before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(2.77%)	(1.52%)	(1.77%)	(2.77%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net expenses**	(2.86%)	(1.61%)	(1.86%)	(2.86%)
Net investment loss before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(2.02%)	(0.77%)	(1.02%)	(2.02%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net investment (loss)	(2.11%)	(0.86%)	(1.11%)	(2.11%)
Net assets, end of year in USD	138,056	2,576,815	3,812,433	126,576

* Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year.

** As set out in Note 4 to these Financial Statements, the Fund does not pay fees and expenses directly. All fees and expenses of the Fund are distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund's holding in each Trading Fund.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Financial Highlights (continued)

Share Class	JPY Hedged Share Class B	JPY Hedged Share Class D
Currency	JPY	JPY
Net investment gain/(loss)	(111)	(166)
Net realized & unrealized gain/(loss) on investments	170	183
Net increase/(decrease) in Net Asset Value per Share*	59	17
Net Asset Value per share:		
Beginning of year	10,233	10,590
End of year	10,292	10,607
Total return before Trading Advisor incentive fees	0.67%	0.25%
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net return	0.58%	0.16%
Expenses to average net assets before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(1.77%)	(2.27%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net expenses**	(1.86%)	(2.36%)
Net investment loss before Trading Advisor incentive fees	(1.02%)	(1.52%)
Trading Advisor incentive fees	(0.09%)	(0.09%)
Total net investment (loss)	(1.11%)	(1.61%)
Net assets, end of year in USD	18,545,581	18,206,738

* Calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year.

** As set out in Note 4 to these Financial Statements, the Fund does not pay fees and expenses directly. All fees and expenses of the Fund are distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund's holding in each Trading Fund.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. The Fund and its activities

The ACL Alternative Fund (the "Fund") is a segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited (the "Company"). The Company is an open-ended investment fund, located in Bermuda with variable capital and limited liability. The Company was incorporated on January 4, 2002.

The Company commenced operating as a Segregated Accounts Company on May 18, 2009 following its restructure under the Segregated Account Companies Act 2000 of Bermuda, as amended (the "Act"). As a result of this restructure, the Company created segregated accounts, including the Fund and the Trading Funds. As segregated accounts, the assets and liabilities of each segregated account are segregated, which means the assets of each segregated account are available to meet the liabilities to creditors in respect of that segregated account only and will be protected from creditors of the Company or the Company's other segregated accounts⁽⁴⁾.

Investors may invest in the Fund directly or via one of the feeder funds, namely Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited, Abbey Capital ACL Alternative Fund, Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited, ACL Global Fund or Abbey Global, LP. The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve long term capital appreciation for its Shareholders.

As at December 31, 2017 the Fund allocates in excess of 65% of its assets to 22 Trading Funds, each Trading Fund being a segregated account of the Company. Appointed Trading Advisors are given a power of attorney to trade on behalf of a Trading Fund through a managed account in the Trading Fund's name held with one of the Trading Fund's principal brokers. Through its allocation of assets to the Trading Funds, the Fund operates as a multi-advisor fund. As at December 31, 2017, the ACL Alternative Fund allocated to 22 underlying managers.

The Fund is one of two segregated accounts which are open to investors and which invest in the Trading Funds.

The Fund has created five Share Classes, a USD Share Class, a GBP Hedged Share Class, a Euro Hedged Share Class, a CHF Hedged Share Class and a Yen Hedged Share Class each of which is subdivided into a number of sub-classes of which sixteen are currently in issue; a USD Share Class A, a USD Share Class B, a USD Share Class C, a USD Share Class D, a USD Share Class E, a Euro Hedged Share Class A, a Euro Hedged Share Class B, a Euro Hedged Share Class C, a GBP Hedged Share Class A, a GBP Hedged Share Class B, a GBP Hedged Share Class C, a CHF Hedged Share Class A, a CHF Hedged Share Class B, a CHF Hedged Share Class C, a JPY Hedged Share Class B and a JPY Hedged Share Class D. The USD Share Class A, Euro Hedged Share Class A and GBP Hedged Share Class A are listed on the Irish Stock Exchange. The functional currency is the United States Dollar (USD).

Abbey Capital Limited has been appointed to act as Investment Manager of the Company and each Fund pursuant to the Investment Manager Agreement. Subject to the overall supervision of the Directors and to each Fund's investment objectives, policies and restrictions, the Investment Manager will have discretion to manage the investment and re-investment of each Fund's assets.

⁽⁴⁾The provisions of the Act have not yet been tested by a court.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**2. Significant accounting policies**

These financial statements are presented using the United States Dollar (USD) as the functional currency and are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). The Fund is considered an Investment Company under US GAAP and follows the accounting and reporting guidance applicable to investment companies in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, Financial Services – Investment Companies ("ASC 946"). The significant policies adopted by the Fund are as follows;

Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Actual amounts could differ from these estimates.

Investments through Trading Funds

The Fund's allocated share of the underlying investments of each Trading Fund are included on a look through basis in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at fair value. The allocated share of the realised and change in unrealised gain/(loss) and expenses are included in the Statement of Operations.

Recognition of income

Interest income is accounted for on an accrual basis and recognized in the Statement of Operations.

Valuation of investments

The value of any security traded on a stock exchange is valued at the last reported trade quoted on such exchange or, if not available, at the mean between the exchange quoted bid and ask prices at the close of business. This equates to fair value as it represents the amount at which the security could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair value of a liability is the amount at which that liability could be incurred or settled in a current transaction between willing parties, that is, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Derivative instruments dealt on a market will be valued at the settlement price as of the date of valuation for such instruments on such markets as this equates to fair value.

In the event of no ready market value or counterparty quote being available, or if such valuation is not representative of the asset's fair market value, the Administrator is entitled to use other generally recognized valuation principles in order to reach a proper valuation of that specific asset. These valuation techniques may involve some level of management estimation and judgment which becomes significant with increasingly complex instruments or pricing models. Where appropriate, adjustments are included to reflect the risk inherent in a particular methodology, model or input used.

Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on a first-in first-out basis, except for futures where opening trades undertaken on the same day are netted prior to the application of first-in, first-out.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash, including cash denominated in foreign currencies, represents cash deposits held at financial institutions. Cash equivalents include short-term highly liquid investments of sufficient credit quality that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have original investments of three months or less. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**2. Significant accounting policies (continued)****Cash and cash equivalents (continued)**

Cash equivalents are held for meeting short-term liquidity requirements, rather than for investment purposes. Cash and cash equivalents are held at major financial institutions and are subject to counterparty risk as described in note 7.

Foreign currency

Investment securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. Dollar amounts at the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. Dollar amounts on the respective dates of such transactions. The Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments.

Options purchased

When an option is purchased, an amount equal to the premium paid is recorded as an investment and is subsequently adjusted to the current market value of the option purchased. Premiums paid for the purchase of options which expire unexercised are treated by the Fund on the expiration date as realized losses. If a purchased call option is exercised, the premium increases the cost basis of the security or foreign currency purchased by the Fund.

Options sold

When an option is sold, an amount equal to the premium received is recorded as an investment and is subsequently adjusted to the current market value of the option sold. Premiums received for the sale of options which expire unexercised are treated by the Fund on the expiration date as realized gains. If a sold call option is exercised, the premium received increases the Fund's effective sales price of the security or foreign currency sold.

Short-term deposits

Short-term deposits are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Forward currency contracts

The unrealized gain or loss on open forward currency contracts is calculated by reference to the difference between the contracted rate and the rate to close out the contract. Realized gains or losses include amounts on contracts which have been settled or offset by other contracts with the same counterparty.

The unrealized gains and losses as a result of marking these contracts to market at December 31, 2017 are included in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The change in market value of forward exchange contracts is included in the Statement of Operations.

Futures contracts

Initial margin deposits are made upon entering into futures contracts and are generally made in cash. During the year the futures contract is open, changes in the value of the contract are recognized as unrealized gains or losses by "marking-to-market" on a daily basis to reflect the market value of the contract at the end of each day's trading.

Unrealized gains and losses are disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. When the contract is closed, the Fund records a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the proceeds from (or cost of) the closing transaction and the Fund's basis in the contract.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Brokerage commissions

Brokerage commissions, including other trading expenses, are charged to realized and unrealized gains and losses as they are incurred to open a position, and an amount accrued for the close out of the position.

Redemptions payable

In accordance with FASB ASC Subtopic 480-10, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity, a request for a redemption of shares by an investor is considered a mandatory redeemable financial instrument and shall be classified as a liability. Accordingly, requests for redemptions amounting to \$11,205,000 were effective for January 2, 2018 have been reclassified to redemptions payable on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Further redemption amounts dealt in December 2017 totaling \$714,356 remained payable to investors at year end.

3. Fair value measurements

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value have been classified for disclosure purposes, based on a hierarchy defined by FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement.

The hierarchy gives the highest ranking to fair values determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest ranking to fair values determined using methodologies and models with unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820 are described below:

- Level 1—Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access.
- Level 2—Valuations based on inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3—Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement

As required by ASC 820, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The table overleaf shows information about the Fund's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of December 31, 2017. All values shown are stated in USD.

				Balance as at December 31, 2017 Total
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Investments in short term deposits	1,493,146,999	-	-	1,493,146,999
Investments in derivative contracts	212,970,526	-	-	212,970,526
Investments in foreign exchange contracts	-	77,358,137	-	77,358,137
Total Assets	1,706,117,525	77,358,137	-	1,783,475,662

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. Fair value measurements (continued)

				Balance as at December 31, 2017 Total
Liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Investments in derivative contracts	(144,762,672)	-	-	(144,762,672)
Investments in foreign exchange contracts	-	(63,934,175)	-	(63,934,175)
Total Liabilities	(144,762,672)	(63,934,175)	-	(208,696,847)
Total	1,561,354,853	13,423,962	-	1,574,778,815

There were no significant transfers between any of the levels of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended December 31, 2017. In addition, there were no Level 3 Assets or Liabilities held by the Fund as at December 31, 2017 or at any time during the year then ended.

4. Fees and expenses

There are no class specific expenses except where in the interests of seeking the optimal protection of a shareholder's investment, the Fund may engage in foreign exchange hedging transactions for the Euro Hedged Share Class A, the Euro Hedged Share Class B, the Euro Hedged Share Class C, the GBP Hedged Share Class A, the GBP Hedged Share Class B, the GBP Hedged Share Class C, the CHF Hedged Share Class A, the CHF Hedged Share Class B, the CHF Hedged Share Class C, the JPY Hedged Share Class B or the JPY Hedged Share Class D (where profits, gains and losses, costs, income and expenditure consequent upon such hedging transactions are allocated to that class).

Management and incentive fees

The Fund does not pay management or incentive fees directly to the Investment Manager. Management Fees are calculated at the Fund level and then distributed to and paid by each Trading Fund based on the Fund holdings in the Trading Funds at month end.

The Management Fees paid to the Investment Manager are charged at the following annual rates based on the Net Asset Value of the Fund on each Dealing Day of each month, payable weekly or monthly in arrears at a rate of 0.75% ("A" Sub Classes), 1.00% ("B" Sub Classes), 2.00% ("C" Sub Classes), 1.50% ("D" Sub Classes) and 1.75% ("E" Sub Classes) per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

The Investment Manager is also entitled to an incentive fee for each calendar quarter equal to 7.5% ("A" Sub Classes), 10% ("B" Sub Classes), 10% ("C" Sub Classes), 10% ("D" Sub Classes) and 10% ("E" Sub Classes) of the Net New Investment Profit (as defined below) for the quarter. "Net New Investment Profit" means, the increase in the Fund's Net Asset Value of the applicable share class outstanding in respect of each calendar quarter, prior to the deduction of the Investment Manager's incentive fee, and subject to a high water mark.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**4. Fees and expenses (continued)****Investment manager and trading advisor equalization**

The incentive fee will be accrued and taken into account in the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share on each Valuation Day. The incentive fee calculation in respect of the Fund is computed by operating an equalization accounting system so that each Share is charged an incentive fee that is based upon that Share's performance. This structure is intended to reduce the impact on existing Shareholders of incentive fees attributable to capital contributed or withdrawn during a performance year, and allows that all Shares within the same Share class have the same Net Asset Value per Share.

Where an investor subscribes for Shares at a time when the Net Asset Value per Share is less than the high water mark then an adjustment is required to reduce inequalities that may otherwise result to the respective subscriber, to the other Shareholders of the Fund, or to the Investment Manager or Trading Advisor. The high water mark is the greater of (i) the highest Net Asset Value per Share on the last day of any calendar quarter and (ii) the initial issue price for the Shares, both adjusted to take into account any distributions made in the interim.

Where Shares are subscribed at a time when the Net Asset Value per Share is less than the high water mark, no incentive fee will be accrued for existing Shareholders until the high water mark has been recovered. New Shareholders will however, in effect, be required to pay an incentive fee with respect to any subsequent appreciation in the Net Asset Value per Share of those Shares until the high water mark has been achieved (the "Depreciation Deposit"). The Depreciation Deposit is payable if the Net Asset Value per Share increases up to the high water mark. The Depreciation Deposit is recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as a liability. This liability is reduced when the related incentive fee is paid to the Investment Manager and Trading Advisors.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, amounts of \$295,181 were crystallized from the Depreciation Deposit account. As at December 31, 2017, the total amount of depreciation deposits payable to investors amounted to \$35,186,031.

Where Shares ("Premium Shares") are purchased at a time when the Net Asset Value per Share is greater than the high water mark, the prospective investor is required to pay an additional sum equal to the accrual then in place per Share in respect of the incentive fee (an "equalization credit"). The equalization credit is designed to ensure that all Shareholders have the same amount of capital at risk per Share.

The equalization credit may be returned to the investor in the form of shares providing the Net Asset Value per share remains above the high watermark at the end of a subsequent performance quarter.

To the extent that the Net Asset Value per share declines below the offer price, so the proportionate reduction in the equalization credit is returned to the investor. The equalization credit is recorded on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as a liability. This liability is reduced when shares are returned to the investor. As at December 31, 2017 the equalization credits payable to investors amounted to \$12,656.

The Trading Funds will pay to the external Trading Advisors of the Company's other Segregated Accounts/Trading Funds an annual management fee based on the Trading Fund Equity before management fees and incentive fees payable monthly in arrears.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**4. Fees and expenses (continued)****Investment manager and trading advisor equalization (continued)**

The Company may increase/decrease the amount of Trading Funds and allocations thereto at its discretion and without Shareholder approval. Fees will range among the Trading Advisors from a minimum of 0% to a maximum of 2% per annum of each Trading Advisor's allocated assets.

The Trading Funds will also pay to the Trading Advisors an incentive fee for each calendar month or quarter. Incentive Fees will range from 0% to a maximum of 25% of Net New Trading Advisor Profit (as defined below) for the month or quarter (the "Incentive Fee"). "Net New Trading Advisor Profit" means, with respect to any calendar month or quarter, any net profits (or losses) realized on all transactions closed out in the Trading Fund during the month or quarter (after deduction of brokerage commissions, exchange fees, NFA fees and give-up fees), but prior to the deduction of any fees charged by the Investment Manager, Administrator or Depositary for services to the Fund, plus:

(A) the change in net unrealized profits (or losses) on open positions in the Trading Fund as of the end of the quarter or preceding relevant calendar month versus the amount of such unrealized profits (or losses) on open positions in the Trading Fund as of the end of the preceding quarter or preceding relevant calendar month, minus

(B) the Management Fees for the calendar quarter or relevant calendar month (but not including any Incentive Fee) and minus

(C) any cumulative net realized and unrealized trading losses (including expenses) incurred in the Trading Fund since the last preceding calendar quarter or last preceding calendar month for which an Incentive Fee was payable. Trading Advisor management and incentive fees are not paid at the Fund level but by the individual Trading Funds.

Administration, registrar fees and transfer agency fees

The aggregate fees payable by the Fund to the Administrator, Registrar and Transfer Agent are calculated based on the Fund's pro rata share of the Investment Managers' total assets under administration with the Administrator on each Valuation day.

The effective fee rate is calculated as 14bp p.a. of the Net Asset Value of up to US\$ 250 million, 12bp p.a. on the next US\$ 250 million, 10bp p.a. on the next US\$ 500 million, 8bp p.a. on the next US\$ 500 million, 6bp p.a. on the next US\$ 1.5 billion and 4bp p.a. thereafter. In addition, BNP Paribas Bank & Trust Cayman Limited receives \$12,500 per month in relation to administration, registrar & transfer agency services.

These fees will accrue daily and will be paid monthly in arrears, by the Trading Funds. All of the fees specified in the foregoing paragraph above for administration, registrar and transfer agency services will be paid in aggregate by each Trading Fund from the account it maintains. The Fund will then be responsible for paying the individual fees due to the Administrator, and the Registrar and Transfer Agent.

Depositary fees

In accordance with the obligations under the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive, ("AIFMD"), the Investment Manager and the Directors of the Fund have appointed BNP Paribas Securities Services, Dublin branch ("Depositary") as Depositary. The Depositary is responsible for overseeing the calculation of the value of the Shares of the Fund and ensuring that the value of the Shares of the Fund is calculated in accordance with the Fund's Placement Memorandum, the Company's Bye Laws, and Article 19 of AIFMD and is responsible for reporting any breach to the Central Bank of Ireland.

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. Fees and expenses (continued)

Depositary fees (continued)

The fees payable by each Trading Fund to the Depositary in relation to Depositary services provided to the fund will be calculated as 1.75 bp p.a. of the Net Asset Value of the Fund, up to USD5.5 billion and 1.5 bp p.a. thereafter. These fees will accrue daily and will be paid monthly in arrears, by the Trading Funds. Depositary fees for the period were \$414,000. As at 31 December 2017, the total Depositary fees payable were \$75,110.

Director's fees

The Trading Funds shall pay the Directors such annual remuneration for acting as Directors of the Company as the Directors may from time to time agree, provided however that the annual remuneration of the Directors shall not, in the aggregate, exceed \$20,000. Mr. Carney does not receive any Directors' fee. Such fees shall be paid in advance.

Fees payable

Fees payable by the Trading Funds as at December 31, 2017 were:

	US\$
Investment Manager management fees	1,424,731
Trading Advisor management fees	1,179,654
Trading Advisor incentive fees	4,305,182
Brokerage commissions and other fees	347,693
Audit & Tax fees	206,756
Administration fees	159,546
Depositary fees	75,110
Other professional fees	38,160
Total	<u>7,736,832</u>

5. Taxation

At the present time, no income, profit or capital gains taxes are levied in Bermuda and, accordingly, no provision for such taxes has been recorded by the Fund. The Company has received from the Minister of Finance of Bermuda under the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act 1966 an assurance that, in the event of there being enacted in Bermuda any legislation imposing tax computed on profits or income, or computed on any capital assets, gain or appreciation or any tax in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, the Company shall be exempt from all such taxes until March 31, 2035.

As an exempted mutual fund Company, the Company is liable to pay in Bermuda an annual government registration fee, at a current rate of \$5,190 per annum, based upon the Company's authorized share capital.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**6. Share Capital**

Shares	<p>Authorized and issued: 100 Founder Shares of US\$0.01 each, having been issued for the purposes of incorporation or the Company.</p> <p>Authorized and unissued: 100,000,000 redeemable shares of US\$0.001 par value, which are available for issue in classes, each with a designated currency of issue.</p> <p>In ACL Alternative Fund, Five Share Classes were authorized as at December 31, 2017 each of which is subdivided into a number of Sub-classes namely: a USD Share Class A, a USD Share Class B, a USD Share Class C, a USD Share Class D, a USD Share Class E, a Euro Hedged Share Class A, a Euro Hedged Share Class B, a Euro Hedged Share Class C, a Euro Hedged Share Class D, a GBP Hedged Share Class A, a GBP Hedged Share Class B, a GBP Hedged Share Class C, a GBP Hedged Share Class D, a JPY Hedged Share Class A, a JPY Hedged Share Class B, a JPY Hedged Share Class C, a JPY Hedged Share Class D, a CHF Hedged Share Class A, a CHF Hedged Share Class B, a CHF Hedged Share Class C and a CHF Hedged Share Class D.</p> <p>As at December 31, 2017, shares have been issued in sixteen sub classes, namely the USD Share Class A, USD Share Class B, USD Share Class C, USD Share Class D, USD Share Class E, Euro Hedged Share Class A, Euro Hedged Share Class B, Euro Hedged Share Class C, GBP Hedged Share Class A, GBP Hedged Share Class B, GBP Hedged Share Class C, CHF Hedged Share Class A, CHF Hedged Share Class B, CHF Hedged Share Class C, JPY Hedged Share Class B and the JPY Hedged Share Class D.</p>
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Each Share is entitled to a vote.

Redeemable shares are offered on each business day. Applications are subject to a sales charge of up to 3% (payable to the Fund and/or its placement agents). Fractional shares may be issued.

Applications and redemptions received by 5.00 pm Irish time (12.00 pm EST or 6.00 pm CET) are processed the following business day. The right to redeem will be temporarily suspended during any year when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended.

Income, expenses, realized and unrealized gains are allocated between Classes based on their relative net assets (with the exception of Class specific income and expenses, in particular the gains or losses arising on the Euro Hedged Share Class A, Euro Hedged Share Class B, Euro Hedged Share Class C, GBP Hedged Share Class A, GBP Hedged Share Class B, GBP Hedged Share Class C, CHF Hedged Share Class A, CHF Hedged Share Class B, CHF Hedged Share Class C, JPY Hedged Share Class B and the JPY Hedged Share Class D currency hedging transactions).

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Share Capital (continued)

USD Share Class A	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	5,556,430	5,556	1,266,678,177	1,266,683,733
Shares issued	587,954	588	166,697,748	166,698,336
Shares redeemed	(912,278)	(912)	(258,048,231)	(258,049,143)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	145,316	145,316
Balance at December 31, 2017	5,232,106	5,232	1,175,473,010	1,175,478,242
Shares to redeem (Jan 2, 2018)	(35,940)	(36)	(10,805,964)	(10,806,000)
Balance at December 31, 2017	5,196,166	5,196	1,164,667,046	1,164,672,242
USD Share Class B	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	2,230,736	2,231	419,899,584	419,901,815
Shares issued	117,840	118	19,271,392	19,271,510
Shares redeemed	(687,442)	(688)	(112,946,822)	(112,947,510)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	22,490	22,490
Balance at December 31, 2017	1,661,134	1,661	326,246,644	326,248,305
Shares to redeem (Jan 2, 2018)	(2,269)	(2)	(398,998)	(399,000)
Balance at December 31, 2017	1,658,865	1,659	325,847,646	325,849,305
USD Share Class C	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	84,181	84	18,098,044	18,098,128
Shares issued	-	-	-	-
Shares redeemed	(31,513)	(31)	(3,139,582)	(3,139,613)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	52,668	53	14,958,462	14,958,515
USD Share Class D	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	77,914	78	11,004,133	11,004,211
Shares issued	3,710	4	471,334	471,338
Shares redeemed	-	-	-	-
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	81,624	82	11,475,467	11,475,549

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Share Capital (continued)

USD Share Class E	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	291,654	292	39,370,010	39,370,302
Shares issued	122,172	122	14,851,632	14,851,754
Shares redeemed	(92,151)	(92)	(11,071,368)	(11,071,460)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	12,881	12,881
Balance at December 31, 2017	321,675	322	43,163,155	43,163,477
Euro Hedged Share Class A	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	469,943	471	79,004,927	79,005,398
Shares issued	51,692	51	11,721,214	11,721,265
Shares redeemed	(123,447)	(124)	(28,157,841)	(28,157,965)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	9,633	9,633
Balance at December 31, 2017	398,188	398	62,577,933	62,578,331
Euro Hedged Share Class B	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	589,315	589	81,640,696	81,641,285
Shares issued	79,953	80	10,361,535	10,361,615
Shares redeemed	(282,059)	(282)	(34,431,065)	(34,431,347)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	5,560	5,560
Balance at December 31, 2017	387,209	387	57,576,726	57,577,113
Euro Hedged Share Class C	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	1,882	2	10,710,081	10,710,083
Shares issued	-	-	-	-
Shares redeemed	(831)	(1)	(94,672)	(94,673)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	1,051	1	10,615,409	10,615,410
CHF Hedged Share Class A	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	31,657	31	3,679,816	3,679,847
Shares issued	54,055	54	4,886,039	4,886,093
Shares redeemed	(57,905)	(57)	(5,023,541)	(5,023,598)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	1,213	1,213
Balance at December 31, 2017	27,807	28	3,543,527	3,543,555

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Share Capital (continued)

CHF Hedged Share Class B	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	117,086	115	21,063,024	21,063,139
Shares issued	3,533	5	389,056	389,061
Shares redeemed	(87,568)	(87)	(9,683,252)	(9,683,339)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	33,051	33	11,768,828	11,768,861

CHF Hedged Share Class C	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	5,009	5	3,431,685	3,431,690
Shares issued	-	-	-	-
Shares redeemed	(3,683)	(4)	(341,961)	(341,965)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	1,326	1	3,089,724	3,089,725

GBP Hedged Share Class A	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	1,183,602	1,183	210,000,305	210,001,488
Shares issued	428,274	428	61,551,404	61,551,832
Shares redeemed	(135,534)	(135)	(19,637,966)	(19,638,101)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	13,210	13,210
Balance at December 31, 2017	1,476,342	1,476	251,926,953	251,928,429

GBP Hedged Share Class B	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	22,178	21	11,375,542	11,375,563
Shares issued	185	1	41,566	41,567
Shares redeemed	(16,047)	(16)	(3,734,762)	(3,734,778)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	269	269
Balance at December 31, 2017	6,316	6	7,682,615	7,682,621

ACL Alternative Fund

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December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6. Share Capital (continued)

GBP Hedged Share Class C	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	6,215	6	2,502,894	2,502,900
Shares issued	-	-	-	-
Shares redeemed	(1,941)	(2)	(246,597)	(246,599)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	4,274	4	2,256,297	2,256,301

JPY Hedged Share Class B	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	202,949	202	50,454,491	50,454,693
Shares issued	-	-	-	-
Shares redeemed	-	-	-	-
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	202,949	202	50,454,491	50,454,693

JPY Hedged Share Class D	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share Premium	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	268,387	267	119,208,411	119,208,678
Shares issued	-	-	-	-
Shares redeemed	(75,068)	(75)	(6,844,926)	(6,845,001)
Depreciation deposits applied	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2017	193,319	192	112,363,485	112,363,677

As at December 31, 2017, 4.18% of the USD Share Class A Shares were held by ACL Global Fund, 5.60% of the USD Share Class D Shares were held by Abbey Global, LP, 17.18% of the USD Share Class A Shares were held by Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited, 21.94% of the USD Share Class B Shares were held by Abbey Capital Multi-Manager Fund Limited, 2.15% of the USD Share Class A Shares were held by Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited, 0.04% of the USD Share Class B Shares were held by Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited, 94.40% of the USD Share Class D Shares were held by Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited and 76.10% of the USD Share Class E Shares were held by Abbey Capital Daily Futures Fund Limited.

The Abbey Capital ACL Alternative Fund held the following holdings in the Fund as at December 31, 2017; 2.35% of the USD Share Class A, 0.41% of the USD Share Class B, 13.32% of the Euro Hedged Share Class A, 0.22% of the EUR Hedged Share Class B, 0.18% of the GBP Hedged Share Class A, 68.37% of the GBP Hedged Share Class B, and 98.39% of the CHF Hedged Share Class B.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**7. Financial instruments**

Asset allocation is determined by the Investment Manager who manages the distribution of assets to achieve the investment objectives. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Investment Manager. In instances where the portfolio has diverged from target asset allocations, the Investment Manager will rebalance to fall in line with the target asset allocations. The Investment Manager has developed a tiered investment risk management system incorporating both quantitative and qualitative risk measures to monitor and control the Fund's exposure and whether the Fund's investments are consistent with the Fund's investment objectives, policies and limits as set out in the Fund's constitutional documents and prospectus. This is achieved through the collation of information from the administrator and brokers on all trading, cash movements and subscriptions/redemptions, along with the risk limits and flags created by the Investment Committee, into the Investment Manager's proprietary risk system.

The risk systems produce the required information to enable the Investment Committee to manage risk exposures, make timely and informed decisions, and enable the Risk Management unit to monitor the performance of the Fund. A range of daily reports are produced and these are monitored on a daily basis.

The Red Flag system is a tiered warning system in which colour coded flags are raised when a variety of metrics (described below) move within 75%, 90%, or 100% of previous highs/lows or pre-set levels.

Margin & FX Exposure Limits are monitored daily and the general rule is that the relationship with a Trading Advisor would be terminated immediately if these limits were breached. Margin & FX Exposure Limits for each Trading Advisor are outlined in the relevant Trading Advisor Agreement for each Trading Advisor. This system is monitored on a daily basis and the Investment Committee are immediately notified by the Risk Management unit if any of the limits outlined in the Fund's constitutional and offering documents are breached, or other limits are breached.

Drawdown (a reduction in value relative to the previous highest valuation) is monitored daily and a relationship with a Trading Advisor would be immediately terminated if their Risk-Adjusted Drawdown Limit was breached.

Volatility for the Fund and for each Trading Advisor is monitored daily. Each Trading Advisor is assigned a target volatility by the Investment Committee. All changes in Trading Advisors' target volatility are at the discretion of the Investment Committee and can be based on both quantitative and qualitative analysis.

The main risks arising from the Trading Fund's financial instruments are as follows:

Market risk

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the market value of the financial instruments. The Trading Funds' exposure to market risk is determined by a number of factors including interest rates, foreign currency exchange and market volatility. Investments may be made in markets located in countries which are exposed to the risks of political change or years of political uncertainty which could adversely affect the market value.

ACL Alternative Fund

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December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Counterparty risk

There is a risk that counterparties may not perform their obligations and that settlement of transactions may not occur. The U.S. Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (the "CEA"), requires a clearing broker to segregate all funds received from such broker's customers in respect of futures (but not forwards) transactions from such broker's proprietary funds. If any of the Trading Fund's commodity brokers were not to do so to the full extent required by law, or in the event of a substantial default by one or more of such broker's other customers, the assets of the Trading Fund might not be fully protected in the event of the bankruptcy of such broker. Furthermore, in the event of such a bankruptcy, the Trading Funds would be limited to recovering only a pro rata share of all available funds segregated on behalf of the affected commodity broker's combined customer accounts, even though certain property specifically traceable to the Trading Funds (for example, United States Treasury bills or cash deposited by the Trading Funds with such broker) was held by such broker. Commodity broker bankruptcies have occurred in which customers were not able to recover from the broker's estate the full amount of their funds on deposit with such broker and owing to them. The below table shows the short term credit rating of the Fund's counterparties as at December 31, 2017:

Counterparty	S&P	Moody	Fitch
Deposit Banks			
Bank of Montreal	A-1	P-1	F1
Mizuho Bank, Ltd	A-1	P-1	NA
BNP Paribas Securities Services, Dublin Branch	A-1	P-1	F1
DNB Bank ASA	A-1	P-1	NA
Bank of Tokyo - Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd	A-1	P-1	NA
DZ Bank AG	A-1	P-1	F1
National Bank of Canada	A-1	P-1	NA
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Ltd	A-1	P-1	NA
Danske Bank	A-1	P-1	F1
ABN Amro Nederland NV	A-1	P-1	F1
FCM and Prime Broker			
Credit Suisse International	A-1	P-1	F1
Deutsche Bank	A-2	P-2	F2
JPMorgan Securities Limited	A-2	P-2	NA
SG Americas Securities, LLC	A-1	P-1	F1
Bank of America N.A.	A-2	P-2	F1
UBS A.G.	A-1	P-1	F1
Depositary and Custodian			
BNP Paribas Securities Services, Dublin Branch	A-1	P-1	F1
Bank of New York Mellon	A-1	P-1	NA

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Counterparty risk (continued)

As at December 31, 2017, cash required to be held as margin with the brokers amounted to US\$524,122,273. The remaining cash held with the brokers is excess margin.

Commodity broker bankruptcies are not insured by any governmental agency, and investors would not have the benefit of any protection such as that afforded customers of bankrupt securities broker-dealers by the U.S. Securities Investors Protection Corporation. In respect of its forward trading, the Trading Funds will be subject to the risk of the inability or refusal to perform with respect to such contracts on the part of the principals or agents with or through which the Trading Funds trade. Any failure or refusal to discharge their contractual obligations by the counterparties with which the Trading Funds deal on the forward markets, whether due to insolvency, bankruptcy or other causes, could subject the Fund to substantial losses.

The Trading Funds will not be excused from performance under any forward contracts into which it has entered due to defaults under other forward contracts which in the Investment Manager's strategy were to have substantially "covered" the former. The Trading Funds deal in the forward markets only with major financial institution counterparties which the Investment Manager considers to be creditworthy. However, defaults have occurred in the forward markets, and the risk of such defaults cannot be eliminated from the Trading Funds' trading markets, whether due to insolvency, bankruptcy or other causes, could subject the Fund to substantial losses.

The Company, on behalf of the Trading Funds, enters into forward contracts with counterparties. Forward contracts are traded in unregulated markets between principals, and consequently the Trading Funds assume a credit risk on these contracts.

Off balance sheet risk/derivative risk

An off balance sheet market risk exists when the maximum potential loss on a particular investment is greater than the value of such investment, as reflected on the Trading Funds' Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Off balance sheet risk exists, among other situations, when the collateral received by the Trading Funds from counterparties to an agreement with the Company on behalf of the Trading Funds proves to be insufficient to cover the Trading Funds' losses resulting from default by the counterparties of its obligation to perform under the agreement. Futures contracts and forward contracts expose the Trading Funds to a market risk equal to the value of the contracts purchased.

As at December 31, 2017, the volume of the Fund's derivative activities based on their notional amounts and number of contracts are as follows:

Primary underlying risk	Long exposure		Short exposure	
	Notional amount US\$'000	No. of contracts	Notional amount US\$'000	No. of contracts
Forward				
Forward contracts	1,861,102	226	1,273,667	226
Futures contracts	903,970	9,783	845,868	10,466
Option contracts*	-	1,500	-	-
Commodity price				
Futures contracts	2,865,885	45,843	2,270,316	60,770

ACL Alternative Fund

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Off balance sheet risk/derivative risk (continued)

Primary underlying risk	Long exposure		Short exposure	
	Notional amount US\$'000	No. of contracts	Notional amount US\$'000	No. of contracts
Bond price				
Futures contracts	5,470,085	28,757	3,871,189	28,758
Interest rate price				
Futures contracts	15,571,855	49,404	17,828,258	67,787
Options contracts*	-	25,355	-	25,355
Equity price				
Futures contracts	3,053,050	38,995	270,871	5,687

*The Fund's exposure to option contracts is stated based on a 0.5 Delta. The actual position will vary over time and a stated position may overestimate or underestimate the true Delta. For this reason, only the number of option contracts held has been provided.

The fair value of derivative contracts at December 31, 2017, categorized by primary underlying risk and the impact on the Statement of Changes for the year ended December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Primary underlying risk	Asset Derivatives Fair Value US\$	Liability Derivatives Fair Value US\$	Realized Gain / (Loss) US\$	Change in Unrealized Gain / (Loss) US\$
Foreign exchange price				
Forward contracts	77,358,137	(63,934,175)	(84,671,153)	13,548,021
Futures contracts	13,570,084	(10,064,008)	(27,685,820)	(2,928,754)
Option contracts	1,800,000	-	(10,703,202)	925,149
Commodity price				
Futures contracts	134,306,676	(83,353,958)	(107,978,284)	26,769,343
Options contracts	-	-	(5,268,899)	1,445,450
Bond price				
Futures contracts	14,502,029	(30,052,117)	(88,155,602)	(7,276,209)
Options contracts	-	-	(6,709,028)	695,200
Interest rate price				
Futures contracts	12,506,448	(3,123,258)	(12,166,768)	(6,328,923)
Option Contracts	11,022,069	(4,269,719)	(3,241,997)	2,553,465
Equity price				
Futures contracts	25,263,220	(13,899,612)	433,083,828	(6,271,241)
Options contracts	-	-	(3,228,443)	-
Total	290,328,663	(208,696,847)	83,274,632	23,131,501

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**7. Financial instruments (continued)****Leverage**

The Fund enters into derivative contracts on the basis of initial margin deposits or premiums which are equal to a small percentage of the full market value of those contracts. Therefore, the notional values of the contracts traded by the Fund significantly exceed the margin or premium paid for those contracts by the Fund and, as a result of investing in such margin-traded instruments, leverage is inherent to the Fund's investment strategy.

Under AIFMD, the Investment Manager is required to express the level which the Fund's leverage will not exceed, as a ratio between the Fund's total exposure and its Net Asset Value. AIFMD prescribes two methodologies for calculating overall exposure of a fund: the "gross methodology" and the "commitment methodology". These methodologies are briefly summarised below but are set out in full detail in AIFMD.

The commitment methodology takes account of the hedging and netting arrangements employed by a fund at any given time (purchased and sold derivative positions will be netted where both relate strictly to the same underlying asset). By contrast, the gross methodology does not take account of the netting or hedging arrangements employed by a fund.

Based on the methodologies for calculating global exposure outlined above, the Company's maximum expected level of leverage is 250 times the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Gross method. The Company's maximum expected level of leverage is 150 times the Net Asset Value of the Fund using the Commitment method.

The diversification and risk adjustment of the components within the Fund are designed to create a diversified balance of risk within the portfolio across a number of dimensions. One of those dimensions is market sector - equities, long-term interest rates, short-term interest rates, foreign exchange and commodities. The balance of risk is managed by reference to volatility measurements and the relationship of volatility to leverage on a Gross or Commitment basis is a complex one.

For instance, one of the market sectors is short term interest rate futures. These have short duration, typically 3 months, which makes them significantly less sensitive to interest rate changes than longer term interest rate futures, ranging from 2 years to in excess of 30 years. In order to ensure that the Investment Strategy remains diversified and balanced, and that the short term interest rate positions have the possibility of making a meaningful contribution to performance, the notional amounts of the short term interest rate futures will be significantly larger on average, both relative to the notionals of any longer term interest rate positions, and in absolute terms. Therefore, the high leverage of the Fund on a Gross and Commitment basis is a function of the use of short term interest rate futures within the portfolio.

The Investment Strategy's approach is to construct the Fund's portfolio in a diversified manner. The Investment Manager assesses exposure within the Fund by using a variety of measures including margin-to-equity. The Fund has a maximum margin-to-equity limit of 40%.

The risk utilization in the program changes dynamically over time depending on what positions are taken by the Trading Advisors. The Investment Strategy adopts the principle of risk spreading through diversification because holding positions in a wide-range of markets reduces concentration risk and has been shown, over time, to decrease portfolio volatility versus a single contract strategy.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**7. Financial instruments (continued)****Operational risk**

Pursuant to the Investment Manager's Risk Management Policy, risks throughout the Investment Manager are identified, measured, assessed and monitored in the Risk Register. This system identifies factors that could cause risk, including operational risk, measures to reduce risk and any required solutions. It is reviewed on an ongoing basis by the respective business units and the Risk Management Unit. Reviews are completed by staff in consultation with the Risk Management Unit. The Risk Register is reviewed and approved annually by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager.

Futures and options risk

The Investment Manager may engage in various portfolio strategies on behalf of the Trading Funds through the use of futures and options. Due to the nature of futures, cash to meet margin monies will be held by a broker in an omnibus client account segregated from the Clearing Brokers' own property, with whom the Trading Funds have an open position. The Fund may grant a security interest to a Clearing Broker over any cash placed with that Clearing Broker in order to secure its obligations to the Clearing Broker. The Fund may transfer ownership of the cash to the Clearing Broker where the Clearing Broker is required to transfer ownership of the cash to other third parties, such as banks, brokers exchanges or central clearing parties, in order to comply with client money rules or to effect a transaction for the Fund. Where ownership of the cash is passed by the Clearing Broker to a third party, the Fund will have no proprietary right to the cash and in the event of insolvency of that third party, the Clearing Broker would only have an unsecured claim on the Fund's behalf to an amount equal to the value of the cash placed with that third party. In these circumstances the Fund is exposed to the risk that any amount received by the Clearing Broker will not be sufficient to satisfy the Fund's claim. Whether ownership of the cash has been transferred or whether cash is held in an omnibus client account, in the event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the futures exchange, or large losses sustained in the broker's segregated accounts, there can be no guarantee that such monies will be returned to the Trading Funds. On execution of an option a Trading Fund may pay a premium to a counterparty.

In the event of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the counterparty, the option premium may be lost in addition to any unrealized gains where the contract is in the money. The risks inherent in the use of the above instruments include adverse changes in the value of such instruments, imperfect correlation between the price of the instruments and movements in the price of the underlying security, index or futures contract and the possible absence of a liquid secondary market for any particular instrument at any time.

Liquidity and valuation of investments

In order to ensure that cash is available for the Fund to meet redemption requests, the Investment Manager has established and maintains risk management policies and systems which are designed to ensure that (i) the Fund maintains a level of liquidity appropriate to its underlying obligations; (ii) the Investment Manager monitors the liquidity profile of the Fund's portfolio of assets; (iii) the Investment Manager implements and maintains appropriate liquidity management systems, to assess the quantitative and qualitative risks of positions and of intended investments; (iv) the Investment Manager conducts periodic stress tests, under both normal and exceptional liquidity conditions, to assess and monitor the liquidity risk of the Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**7. Financial instruments (continued)****Liquidity and valuation of investments (continued)**

Therefore, the Investment Manager's risk management policies and systems are designed to ensure that the liquidity risk of the Fund is monitored and managed and that the liquidity profile of the investments of the Fund complies with the Fund's liquidity obligations.

The Trading Funds may invest in securities or derivatives which are unlisted or for which there is no active market. For example, a Trading Fund may invest in derivatives with direct or indirect exposure to emerging markets and such investments may be subject to increased political risk or adverse currency movements compared to securities traded in more developed markets. In addition, a Trading Fund may acquire investments which are only traded over-the-counter. Accurately valuing and realizing such investments, or closing out positions in such investments at appropriate prices, may not always be possible.

Foreign currency risk

The Net Asset Value per Share will be computed in the Functional Currency, whereas the investments of Trading Funds, to which the Fund allocates its assets, may be acquired in a wide range of currencies, some of which may be affected by currency movements of a more volatile nature than those of developed countries and some of which may not be freely convertible.

It may not be possible or practicable to hedge against the consequent currency risk exposure and in certain instances the Investment Manager may consider it desirable not to hedge against such risk. The Investment Manager may enter into cross currency hedging transactions. As at December 31, 2017 US\$15,103,573 of cash was held in foreign currency with the Depositary / Broker.

ASC 815-10, "*Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*" amends and expands the disclosure requirements of ASC 815 with the intent to provide users of financial statements with an enhanced understanding of how and why an entity uses derivative instruments. The fair value of open derivative instruments held by the Fund as at December 31, 2017 is disclosed on the face of the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

As noted in Note 4, the Fund may enter into foreign exchange hedging transactions in the EURO, GBP, CHF and JPY Hedged Share Classes. As a result, the Fund has recognized realized and unrealized gains/losses on foreign exchange derivatives (comprising futures and forward foreign exchange contracts) during the year. The total realized gain on foreign exchange derivatives amounted to \$30,493,524 and is included in the Statement of Operations within the balance "Net realized gain on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency". The total change in unrealized gain on foreign exchange derivatives amounting to \$4,485,301 is included in the Statement of Operations within the balance "Net change in unrealized gain on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency". These amounts contribute to off-setting the gains and losses arising on the conversion of ACL Alternative Fund net assets to local currency for the EURO, GBP, CHF and JPY Hedged Share Classes.

ACL Alternative Fund

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December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7. Financial instruments (continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

As at December 31, 2017, the Fund had the following open futures positions for share class hedging purposes:

	No. of contracts	Contract size	Notional Value	Unrealized gain / (loss) in US\$
GBP FX Future Mar 18	2,848	62,500	241,314,600	2,242,800
EURO FX Future Mar 18	1,028	125,000	155,170,175	2,975,463
JPY FX Future Mar 18	333	12,500,000	37,104,525	112,388
CHF FX Future Mar 18	50	125,000	6,454,375	86,250
Net unrealized gain				5,416,901

8. Offsetting assets and liabilities

The Fund is required to disclose the impact of offsetting assets and liabilities represented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements on its financial position for recognized assets and liabilities. These recognized assets and liabilities are financial instruments and derivative instruments that are either subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement or meet the following right of setoff criteria: the amounts owed by the Fund to another party are determinable, the Fund has the right to set off the amounts owed with the amounts owed by the other party, the Fund intends to set off, and the Fund's right of setoff is enforceable at law.

As of December 31, 2017, the Fund holds financial instruments and derivative instruments that are eligible for offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Statement of Operations and are subject to a master netting arrangement. The master netting arrangement allows the counterparty to net any collateral held on behalf of the Fund or liabilities or payment obligations of the counterparty against any liabilities or payment obligations of the Fund to the counterparty.

The following table provides disclosure regarding the potential effect of offsetting of recognized assets presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities:

	Gross Amount of Recognized Assets	Gross Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amounts of Recognized Assets Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities
	US\$	US\$	US\$
Derivative and foreign exchange contracts	290,328,663	-	290,328,663
Total	290,328,663	-	290,328,663

ACL Alternative Fund

A segregated account of ACL Alternative Fund SAC Limited

December 31, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

8. Offsetting assets and liabilities (continued)

	Net Amounts of Assets presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities		
	US\$	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral pledged	Net Amount
		US\$	US\$	US\$
Bank of America N.A.	43,170,698	(29,865,173)	-	13,305,525
Credit Suisse International	65,562,225	(41,794,091)	-	23,768,134
Deutsche Bank	18,049,983	(18,049,983)	-	-
JP Morgan Securities Limited	27,439,275	(23,370,363)	-	4,068,912
SG Americas Securities, LLC	122,416,962	(81,587,219)	-	40,829,743
UBS A.G.	13,689,520	(9,134,220)	-	4,555,300
Total	290,328,663	(203,801,049)	-	86,527,614

The following table provides disclosure regarding the potential effect of offsetting of recognized liabilities presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities:

	Gross Amount of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Net Amounts of Recognized Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities
	US\$	US\$	US\$
Derivative and foreign exchange contracts	(208,696,847)	-	(208,696,847)
Total	(208,696,847)	-	(208,696,847)

	Net Amounts of Liabilities presented in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities		
	US\$	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral received	Net Amount
		US\$	US\$	US\$
Bank of America N.A.	(29,865,173)	29,865,173	-	-
Credit Suisse International	(41,794,091)	41,794,091	-	-
Deutsche Bank AG	(22,945,781)	18,049,983	-	(4,895,798)
JP Morgan Securities Limited	(23,370,363)	23,370,363	-	-
SG Americas Securities, LLC	(81,587,219)	81,587,219	-	-
UBS A.G.	(9,134,220)	9,134,220	-	-
Total	(208,696,847)	203,801,049	-	(4,895,798)

ACL Alternative Fund

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

9. Gains and losses from financial instruments

The following table details the gains and losses from financial assets and liabilities:

	December 31, 2017 US\$
Realized gains on Investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	1,857,593,640
Net change in unrealized gains on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	594,966,935
Total gains on realized and change in unrealized on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	<u>2,452,560,575</u>
	December 31, 2017 US\$
Realized losses on Investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	(1,774,319,008)
Net change in unrealized losses on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	(571,835,434)
Total losses on realized and change in unrealized on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	<u>(2,346,154,442)</u>

Gains and losses presented above exclude interest income and interest expense.

10. Financial Information

The table below shows disaggregated financial information:

Statement of Assets and Liabilities	Trading Fund Total US\$	ACL Alternative Fund US\$	Total US\$
Assets			
Investments in Short Term deposits	809,485,403	683,661,596	1,493,146,999
Derivative & foreign exchange contracts, at fair value	284,911,763	5,416,900	290,328,663
Cash and cash equivalents	56,437,181	111,843,425	168,280,606
Due from broker	655,556,878	25,641,239	681,198,117
Liabilities			
Derivative & foreign exchange contracts, at fair value	(208,696,847)	-	(208,696,847)
Fees payable	(7,710,034)	(26,798)	(7,736,832)

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

10. Financial Information (continued)

	Trading Fund Total	ACL Alternative Fund	Total
Statement of Operations	US\$	US\$	US\$
Investment income: Interest income	11,267,821	6,282,900	17,550,721
Trading advisors' incentive fees	(2,167,582)	-	(2,167,582)
Trading advisors' management fees	(14,991,478)	-	(14,991,478)
Net realized gain/(loss) on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	52,781,108	30,493,524	83,274,632
Net change in unrealized gain/(loss) on investments in derivative contracts and foreign currency	19,445,671	3,685,830	23,131,501

11. Related party disclosures

The Director fees are not paid directly by the Fund, but are distributed and paid by each of the Trading Funds based on the Fund holdings at month end. All other related party transactions have been fully disclosed in the financial statements, including investments in affiliated funds. None of the Directors hold any investments in the Fund or Trading Funds.

12. Brokerage commissions

Brokerage commissions of US\$20,013,498 were paid by the Fund and the Trading Funds to which it allocates its assets for the year from January 1 to December 31, 2017. This amount was consolidated within the realized and unrealized gain or loss on investments in derivative contracts and foreign exchange.

13. Commitments and contingencies

In accordance with the FASB subtopic ASC 460-10, the Fund is required to disclose information about commitments and contingencies. In the normal course of business the Fund and Trading Funds of the Company enter into contracts that contain a variety of warranties and indemnifications. The Fund's and the Trading Funds' maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund and Trading Funds that have not yet occurred. However, based on experience, the Fund and the respective Trading Funds expect the risk of loss to be remote.

14. Accounting for uncertainty in income taxes

Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740-10 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an interpretation of ASC 740" clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in the Fund's financial statements in conformity with ASC 740 "Accounting for Income Taxes". ASC 740-10 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position or

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

14. Accounting for uncertainty in income taxes

expected position to be taken on a tax return. Given the Fund's domicile, the investment objective of the Fund and the trading strategies and instruments traded by the Trading Funds, the Directors of the Company have determined there are no uncertain tax positions. In addition, neither the Company nor the Fund is subject to any tax examinations by the tax authorities in their country of domicile or taxing authorities in other jurisdictions.

15. Historic Net Asset Values per share (NAV) and Funds under Management (FUM)

Share Class		Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2016	Dec 31, 2017
USD Share Class A	NAV	\$306.68	\$293.13	\$300.67
USD Share Class B	NAV	\$180.24	\$171.85	\$175.83
USD Share Class C	NAV	\$108.89	\$102.83	\$104.16
USD Share Class D	NAV	\$137.15	\$130.03	\$132.37
USD Share Class E	NAV	\$132.02	\$124.92	\$126.84
Euro Hedged Share Class A	NAV	€220.35	€208.09	€209.34
Euro Hedged Share Class B	NAV	€123.80	€116.62	€117.07
Euro Hedged Share Class C	NAV	€118.02	€110.08	€109.40
GBP Hedged Share Class A	NAV	£122.22	£117.02	£118.82
GBP Hedged Share Class B	NAV	£199.77	£190.81	£193.26
GBP Hedged Share Class C	NAV	£104.42	£98.74	£99.00
CHF Hedged Share Class A	NAV	CHF96.26	CHF90.23	CHF90.30
CHF Hedged Share Class B	NAV	CHF120.29	CHF112.44	CHF112.41
CHF Hedged Share Class C	NAV	CHF101.56	CHF94.00	CHF93.03
JPY Hedged Share Class B	NAV	¥10,845	¥10,233	¥10,292
JPY Hedged Share Class D	NAV	¥11,276	¥10,590	¥10,607

Share Class		Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2016	Dec 31, 2017
USD Share Class A	FUM	\$1,578,876,561	\$1,628,783,159	\$1,562,309,406
USD Share Class B	FUM	\$364,290,706	\$383,351,309	\$291,672,135
USD Share Class C	FUM	\$11,127,753	\$8,656,213	\$5,485,882
USD Share Class D	FUM	\$682,233	\$10,130,697	\$10,804,479
USD Share Class E	FUM	\$18,182,086	\$36,432,306	\$40,801,692
Euro Hedged Share Class A	FUM	\$65,903,604	\$102,995,189	\$100,117,744
Euro Hedged Share Class B	FUM	\$68,429,800	\$72,382,892	\$54,444,448
Euro Hedged Share Class C	FUM	\$335,679	\$218,151	\$138,056
GBP Hedged Share Class A	FUM	\$264,047,398	\$170,631,738	\$237,119,831
GBP Hedged Share Class B	FUM	\$4,941,525	\$5,213,281	\$1,649,897
GBP Hedged Share Class C	FUM	\$3,176,719	\$756,088	\$571,985
CHF Hedged Share Class A	FUM	\$3,636,186	\$2,805,392	\$2,576,815
CHF Hedged Share Class B	FUM	\$10,102,729	\$12,931,006	\$3,812,433
CHF Hedged Share Class C	FUM	\$507,506	\$462,452	\$126,576
JPY Hedged Share Class B	FUM	\$19,921,761	\$17,783,802	\$18,545,581
JPY Hedged Share Class D	FUM	\$35,114,073	\$24,339,167	\$18,206,738

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

16. Subsequent events

Events subsequent to December 31, 2017 have been evaluated up to March 06, 2018, the date these Financial Statements were available to be issued. No material subsequent events have occurred since December 31, 2017 that would require recognition or disclosure in these Financial Statements.

17. Approval of the audited Financial Statements

These audited Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on March 06, 2018.

Appendix

Unaudited Supplemental Disclosures to the Financial Statements

1. Remuneration Policy

It is the Investment Manager's policy to maintain an honest, fair and ethical culture that promotes effective risk management. Accordingly, the Investment Manager has established and maintains a Remuneration Policy, which applies to all the Investment Manager employees and officers, and which is designed to ensure that:

- (i) The Investment Manager remunerates its staff in a manner that is sufficient to attract and retain professional staff that have the required skills, expertise and experience to carry out their duties effectively and;
- (ii) sound and effective risk management is promoted and risk-taking, which is inconsistent with the risk profile and rules of the Investment Manager and the Funds that it manages, is not encouraged or rewarded.

The Investment Manager has formulated its Remuneration Policy with the following objectives:

- To be in line with its business strategy, objectives, values and long-term interests;
- To be consistent with, and promote, sound and effective risk management, without encouraging risk-taking that exceeds the level of tolerated risk of the Investment Manager or the funds that it manages;
- To align the personal objectives of staff with the long term interests of the Investment Manager and the funds that it manages;
- To meet the remuneration provisions of AIFMD;
- To ensure our ability to strengthen or maintain a suitable capital base (to meet operational requirements);
- To include measures to avoid conflicts of interest for control staff (risk management or compliance); and
- To be in line with our code of conduct for employees and our compliance culture.

The remuneration policy has been designed by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager.

The Board and senior management of the Investment Manager have assessed all members of staff and have determined that only the voting members of the Investment Manager's Investment Committee that are also members of the board are authorized to take any decision that affects the risk profile of the Investment Manager and the funds managed by the Investment Manager and so are classified by the Investment Manager as Identified Staff.

For performance related remuneration, the total amount is based on a combination of the assessment of the performance of the individual, of the business unit concerned, and of the overall results of the Investment Manager; when assessing individual performance, financial and non-financial criteria are taken into account. The performance of the Investment Manager is dependent on the performance of the funds that it manages, since the Investment Manager generates its revenue from management and incentive fees paid to it by these funds, and, therefore, the interests of all members of staff are aligned with the interests of the shareholders in the funds managed by the Investment Manager.

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Appendix (continued)

Unaudited Supplemental Disclosures to the Financial Statements (continued)

1. Remuneration Policy (continued)

The following table shows the remuneration made to persons employed by the Investment Manager during the year, analyzed by category;

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017	Number of Beneficiaries	Total Remuneration Paid USD	Fixed Remuneration Paid USD	Variable Remuneration paid USD	Carried Interest paid by AIF USD
Total remuneration paid by the Investment Manager during the financial year	70	8,566,498	4,516,786	4,049,712	-
Remuneration paid to employees of the Investment Manager who may have a material impact on the risk profile of the Fund					
Senior Management (including executives)*	2	2,320,397			
Identified staff*	2	2,320,397			
Allocation of total remuneration of the employees of the Investment Manager to the Fund**					
Senior Management (including executives)*	2	1,318,166			
Identified staff*	2	1,318,166			

* Members of Senior Management (including executives) who may have a material impact on the risk profile of the Fund are also the employees who the Investment Manager has designated as Identified Staff in accordance with the Investment Manager's Remuneration Policy.

** Allocation of total remuneration of the employees of the Investment Manager to the Fund is calculated based on the percentage that the Fund represents of total Fund assets under management of the Investment Manager using average NAVs during the financial year.

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Appendix (continued)

Unaudited Supplemental Disclosures to the Financial Statements (continued)

2. Additional information for qualified investors in Switzerland

The Fund* is compliant with Swiss law for distribution to qualified investors in Switzerland. The Confidential Private Placement Memorandum, the Bye-Laws, the annual and semi-annual report, the list of the purchases and sales and further information can be obtained free of charge from the representative in Switzerland: Carnegie Fund Services S.A., 11, rue du Général-Dufour, CH-1204 Geneva, Switzerland, web: www.carnegie-fund-services.ch. The Swiss paying agent is: Banque Cantonale de Genève, 17, quai de l'Île, CH-1204 Geneva. For the shares of the Fund distributed to qualified investors in Switzerland, the place of jurisdiction is Geneva. This document may only be issued, circulated or distributed so as not to constitute an offering to the general public in Switzerland. Recipients of the document in Switzerland should not pass it on to anyone without first consulting their legal or other appropriate professional adviser, or the Swiss representative.

*Only the ACL Alternative Fund is compliant with Swiss law for distribution to qualified investors in Switzerland.

Each time performance data is published, it should be noted that the past performance is no indication of current or future performance, and that it does not take account of the commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of shares.